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McKean County Miner

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A FAMILY AFFAIR

BY HUGH CONWAY.

Author of "Called Back" and "Dark Days."

(Continued from last week.)

Suddenly, as if remembering where she was, Mrs. Miller grew calm; but evidently by a great effort of self-control. She even apologized for her excitement, which she hoped Mr. Whittaker would forget. Then she left him.

In his responsible position his first thought was that his masters ought to be informed of the intercourse held by the nurse. But this seemed scarcely fair to the woman, who, in spite of all, went to church as regularly as the other servants. So he did not mention the matter to the Talberts, but, overtaking Mr. Mordle as the latter was one day walking into the town, he, with all respect, told him what strange ideas Mrs. Miller held on religious subjects. This may seem presumption on Whittaker's part, but the truth is, that the dream of his life was, that had not fate made him a butler he might have been a clergyman. And a very imposing one he would doubtless have made.

"Ah!" said Mordle. "Calvinism—dreary religion—most dismal and dreary of all."

The curate was rather short with Whittaker. He thought the old servant rather a nuisance and somewhat of a prig.

"Will you see her and talk to her, sir?" asked Whittaker, respectfully.

"No—Calvinists are incurable. But to please you, Whittaker, I'll preach at her some Sunday."

It may be presumed that Mrs. Miller did not inflict her Calvinism upon Beatrice, as the latter seemed to find the new nurse perfectly suited to her duties. It was clear that Mrs. Miller had become strangely attached to her young mistress. Nothing seemed to give her such pleasure as performing any small personal service which Miss Clauson required of her; the woman's dark eyes followed her with an expression of almost dog-like affection. On her part Beatrice treated the nurse with a consideration not always shown by the most amiable toward their servants. It was singularly among the household that Mrs. Miller, quiet as she was, had managed to get the length of Miss Clauson's foot.

Whether Mrs. Miller was unduly favored or not, things at Hazlewood House ran on smoothly. Perhaps it was the perfect order in which the gear worked that induced the nurse to take a day's holiday.

It was the day after Mr. Mordle had made and lost his venture. Horace and Herbert, pottering about the gardens, saw the bright-haired boy going out in charge of the parlor maid. This was an infraction of rules which could not be overlooked. They demanded the cause, and were told that Mrs. Miller had gone for a day's holiday.

Of course the brothers said no more; but, upon seeing Beatrice, they mentioned the matter to her. "Yes," she said, "I told her she might go for the day."

The Talberts were too polite to blame Beatrice in words, but a slight elevation of four eyebrows showed their owners' discontent. Beatrice, in giving a servant a holiday, had taken a liberty.

"Where has she gone?" asked Herbert, who liked to know that his servants were spending their time properly.

"To London, I suppose," said Beatrice, carelessly.

Now the way in which Mrs. Miller spent her holiday was as follows:

She rose at an early hour and walked from Hazlewood House to the cross roads. Here she waited until the lumbering, old fashioned bus came in sight. She took a seat in it, and was in due time deposited at the Blacktown station. At Blacktown she took the train to Weymouth, which fashionable watering place she reached about 11 o'clock.

It was, however, clear that she had not come here to enjoy a day at the seaside. Instead of going at once to the gay esplanade, she sought the shades of the general waiting room—here she remained an hour.

She then embarked in another train; one that ran on a single line of railway—ran nearly the whole of its way with the sea on one side and a mighty hill of smooth, rounded pebbles, known as the Chesil Beach, on the other, whilst in front of it loomed tall serrated, precipitous cliffs, at the foot of which was its destination.

Mrs. Miller paid no attention to the natural scenery of the place. She stepped from the train and walked out of the little station in a methodical, business-like way. It was evident that the woman had not come so far on a mere pleasure jaunt.

It was a burning day. The sun shot down its rays fiercely on the treeless, shadeless barren island, or so-called island. Mrs. Miller's black garments seemed scarcely suitable to such weather—her frame certainly not strong enough to toil up those cliffs of solid limestone which frowned down upon her. No wonder she turned to the cabstand. The two or three cabs which it boasted were rickety old machines, but the horses which were between the shafts were strong ones. Horses need be strong to earn a living in this land.

She drove a bargain after the manner of her kind, then took her seat in one of the dusty vehicles. She was driven through the little gray town, which lies at the foot of and stretches a long way up the hill. The horse toiled up the steep street, on and on until the occupant of the cab looked down on the tops of the houses which she had just passed. Then a turn, and a bit of level ground, another turn and a steep hill; so on and on in a zigzag course until the table land which lies at the top of Portland island was somehow reached, an event which must have been grateful alike to the horse and the occupant of the cab, supposing the latter only possessed of nerves of ordinary strength and therefore apt to rebel against being drawn up hills as steep as the side of a house.

Some time before the cab reached the top of the cliffs it had at intervals passed gangs of men working by the roadside. At a distance these men looked little different from ordinary navvies, but a closer inspection showed that the garments of most of them consisted of a dark yellow jersey covered by a sleeveless jacket of light fustian or some such material. This jacket, moreover, was stamped in various places with the government broad arrow. Every man wore gaiters and a curiously-shaped cap, under which no hair was visible. Occasionally one might be seen who moved with a certain stiffness in his gait, as if something which he would willingly have dispensed with restrained the natural elasticity of his lower limbs. Here and there the monotony of the attire was broken by the appearance of some who were dressed in blue instead of yellow; but taken altogether the dress, if comfortable and enduring, was scarcely one which a man being a free agent would choose for himself.

The gangs which Mrs. Miller passed on the roadside were for the most part engaged in handing lumps of turf from man to man. They performed these duties in a listless, perfunctory manner, although, standing on the hillside above every band of workers, were two men in long dark coats with the shining buttons of authority, and each of these men held a rifle with fixed bayonet.

Farther away in the quarries could be seen many other such gangs, digging, delving, hauling, wheeling barrows, and performing other operations needful for extracting the famed Portland stone from the ground.

After passing various sentries, and driving for some distance along the level ground, Mrs. Miller's cab reached a beautiful, tall, buttressed wall; skirting this it turned at right angles, and very soon drew up before an imposing entrance built of gray stone, and bearing over the archway the royal arms of England. This was the entrance to her majesty's prison of Portland.

In front of it, across the road, stretched the governor's garden, still brilliant with flowers and looking like a glorious oasis in the midst of a barren land. A man who in the discharge of his duties has to live on the top of Portland island wants a garden or something of that sort. Without it the monotony of the place would drive him mad.

But Mrs. Miller did not even look at the gay beds. She dismounted, and after telling the cabman to wait for her, walked boldly through the prison gate.

She was immediately accosted by a portly, good-tempered-looking janitor, whose gold-laced cap spoke of superior standing. He ushered her into a little waiting-room just inside the gate, and asked her to state her business. Mrs. Miller's business was to see one of the convicts, by name Maurice Harvey.

Now, convicts are only allowed to see their friends once in six months; so the janitor shook his head dubiously. Still, as Mrs. Miller was a most respectable-looking woman, he said he would mention the matter to the governor. He begged the lady to take a chair and then left her.

She sat for some time in the bare little waiting room, the walls of which were decorated with notices requesting visitors to the prison not to offer the warders any money, but to deposit such donations as they wished to make in boxes that were hung against the wall for the benefit of discharged prisoners and the officers' widows respectively. After a while the good-natured janitor returned. He told Mrs. Miller that the convict had not seen a friend for many months, so upon his return from work he would be asked if he would like to see her. She then gave her name.

She waited patiently. By and by there was a measured tramp of many heavy feet, and she knew the convicts were returning to dinner. After the tramp had died away a warder made his appearance and told her to follow him.

It was but a step. He opened a door in the rear of the waiting room, and Mrs. Miller found herself in a place which could suggest nothing else than a den at a zoological garden, one side of the room being formed of iron bars about six inches apart, and opposite was another like it with its front turned towards it and entered by another door, and between the two was a space, a narrow den, entered by another door and containing a stool.

Presently the door of the middle den opened and a warder entered and seated himself upon the stool; then the furthest door opened, and one of the blue-habited convicts walked up to the bars and gave his visitor a nod of careless recognition.

As a rule, when a female friend is permitted to see a convict there is weeping and wailing. Hands are stretched out through the bars across the open space, and if the two persons are of ordinary stature, finger-tips may just meet. This is better than nothing. Time was when no open space divided the friends; they could kiss and almost embrace through one set of bars. But it was found that the visitor's kiss often transferred a half-sovereign from her mouth to the convict's. A kindly action, no doubt, but one which when discovered led the man into trouble, knocked off good conduct marks, and lengthened his time of imprisonment. So now there is a space of something like five feet between the visitor and the visited.

With these two there was no weeping, no stretching out of hands. In fact, as Mrs. Miller looked at the caged creature in front of her, an expression very nearly akin to hatred settled on her strongly-marked features. Yet, in spite of his close-cropped crown, shaven cheeks and ugly attire the convict was by no means ill-looking. His features were straight, and might even have been called refined. He was above the middle height, broad shouldered and healthy looking. His teeth were good, and his hands, although rough and hardened with toil, were not the hands of one who has labored from his childhood. His eyes had a cruel, crafty look in them, but this look might have been acquired since his incarceration. In fact, Mrs. Miller had noticed the same expression in the eyes of every convict whom she had met on the road to the prison.

Mrs. Miller looked through her bars at the convict; the convict looked through his bars at Mrs. Miller; the warder between them sat on his stool sublimely indifferent, and for a while there was silence. The convict was the first to break it.

Mrs. Miller looked through her bars at the convict.

"Oh, it's you, is it?" he said.

"Yes, it's me," said Mrs. Miller.

"Well, what do you want? To see how I am getting on?"

He spoke quite jauntily. His visitor gazed at him scornfully.

"Yes, I'm in splendid health," he continued, [illegible] "I'm twice the man I was when I came here. Regular hours, regular meals, regular work. It's set me quite up. No chance of [illegible] before my term's up."

"No, I'm sure there isn't," said Mrs. Miller, with such bitterness that the impassive warder glanced at her, and wondered what manner of prisoner's friend this was.

The prisoner [illegible]. He scowled at her as darkly as she had scowled at him.

"When will your time be up?" she asked sharply. "Can you tell me?" she added, turning to the warder.

"Can't say exactly," answered the warder. "He's [illegible], so he's in his last year."

Mrs. Miller shuddered. Her hands clenched themselves involuntarily.

"I want to know," she said, addressing the convict, "what arrangements you will be willing to make when you come out. That is the object of my visit."

The man looked at her mockingly. "I have thought of nothing as yet," he said, "except the joy I shall feel at once more returning to the arms of my devoted wife."

The woman's dark eyes blazed. She leaned her face against the bars and glared at the shaven face before her. "How much money do you want?" she whispered.

The convict shrugged his uninteresting-looking shoulders. "Money is an after consideration. I am pining for connubial felicity."

She turned and paced the narrow space. The warder grew quite interested in the interview. As a rule his duties were very monotonous. He recognized the fact that the present conversation was out of the ordinary run. The woman seemed to have forgotten his presence. She stamped her foot and turned fiercely to the convict.

"Look here," she said, "will you go to America, Australia, anywhere? Money will be found."

"Certainly not," said the polite convict. "Besides, sir," he added, turning to the warder with an assumed air of deference, "I believe it is a *sine qua non*, I mean it is indispensable, that for some time I must report myself to the police once a month?"

The warder nodded.

"God help me!" murmured the woman. Then turning to the convict, she said:

"You'll let me know when you are released?"

"Oh, yes. I'll let you know fast enough. You'll be one of the first I shall come and see. Now, if you've nothing more to say, I'll ask to be taken back to my dinner. Good and plentiful as the fare is, I like it warm better than cold."

The stolid warder could not help smiling. The time usually allotted for an interview with a prisoner had by no means expired. It was a new experience to find a convict of his own free will curtailing his privilege. He turned inquiringly to Mrs. Miller.

"Got anything more to say to him?" he asked.

"No," she answered sullenly. The convict made her a polite bow as he turned and walked to the door of his own den. She stood outside on the gravel for a moment, and gazed moodily after No. 1,080 as he was conducted by his guardian across the open space and vanished from sight round the chapel on the way to his own cell. Then she entered the waiting room, where she found the civil official who had at first accosted her.

From him she ascertained the proper office at which the inquiry she wanted answered should be made; and upon applying there learnt that No. 1,080, supposing he continued to conduct himself as he had hitherto done, that is, earning the maximum of eight good marks a day, would obtain his ticket-of-leave in about six months' time.

"Then what becomes of him?" she asked. "Do you just put him outside the gate, and tell him to be off?"

The officer smiled. "Oh dear, no. He is asked if he has any friends to go to, or where he wants to go to. His fare is paid to that place. He is given a suit of clothes and a little money. After that he must do the best he can."

Mrs. Miller looked thoughtful. "Is there anyone I could write to and ask to be told the day he will come out?" she asked.

"Certainly. If you are a relation or friend, and willing to look after him, and write to the governor to that effect, no doubt you would hear from him."

"Thank you," said Mrs. Miller. Then she gathered up her black skirts and left the prison. She found her cab and was [illegible] back to the railway station. It was some time before the train left for Weymouth; so she climbed to the top of the Chesil Beach and sat down gazing out over the sea. Her lips moved, although the rest of her body was motionless. She was praying, and the petition she offered up was that Heaven in its mercy would remove from earth a certain convict before the day came upon which he would be entitled to demand his freedom. A curious prayer for a religious woman to make, but after all not stranger than the prayers offered up by antagonistic armies.

The train started at last and took her to Weymouth. Here she obtained refreshment, of which, indeed, she stood much in need. Somehow she made a mistake in the time, and missed the afternoon train. The consequence was that it was past eleven o'clock when she rang the bell of that methodically-conducted establishment, Hazlewood House. And the rule of Hazlewood House was that no servant should on any pretence be out of doors after half-past nine, or, unless the presence of company demanded it, out of bed after half past ten.

Her masters were in waiting, and at once took her to task. She explained that she had missed the train.

"What train?" asked Horace.

"The train from Weymouth, sir."

"But Miss Clauson told us you were gone to London."

"Miss Clauson made a mistake, sir."

Horace felt nettled at the idea of any one who held even a vicarious authority from himself making a mistake. So he said, with some asperity, "This must not occur again, Mrs. Miller."

"And," added Herbert, "the next time you want a holiday kindly mention the fact to us as well as to Miss Clauson. We have a rule in these matters."

Mrs. Miller curtsied, and left the room.

"She is a curious looking woman," said Horace. "I wonder if we were right in taking her without a character?"

CHAPTER IX.

JUMPING AT CONCLUSIONS.

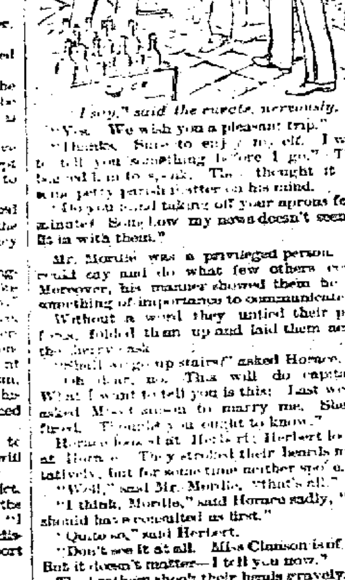
Mr. Mordle went away the next week. He carried his sorrow with him, manfully resolved to do all he could to leave it on the summit of Mont Blanc or the Matterhorn, to sink it in the Lake of Maggiore or Como, or to cast it upon the flowing Rhone. He told himself with such cheerfulness as he could muster that he was deeply wounded but not killed. Before he tied the label on his portmanteau he discharged what his keen sense of honor told him was a duty. He called on the Talberts and informed them how he had fared with Beatrice.

They were very busy bottling off a quarter cask of sherry. They found that buying their wine in wood saved them Heaven knows how much. Now, bottling wine is a nice, dignified, yet withal, cheerful operation, in the performance of which [illegible]. If I had the wine to bottle I would work at it ten hours a day. So when the brothers heard that Mr. Mordle wished particularly to see them, he was asked to step down into the cellar.

Into the cellar he went. Not a bad place on such a sultry day. He found Horace seated on a low stool, with his long straight legs spread out on either side of the cask, in something of the attitude of a reversed Bacchus. He was filling the bottles with the golden fluid, whilst Herbert stood near him, took them, dipping the corks into a little basin full of wine, manipulated them with a cork squeezer and eventually drove them into their resting-place by aid of a small spoon-shaped mallet. As each bottle was filled, corked, and put aside, Herbert made a chalk mark on a board, and every fourth mark he crossed with another, so that the tally could be easily counted. The whole performance was beautifully methodical and business-like, reflecting great credit on the actors.

With their native politeness, the moment Mr. Mordle came in sight they ceased their occupation. Horace turned the tap and rose from the half filled bottle; Herbert left the cork half driven in. They greeted their visitor and apologized for bringing him down to the lower regions. Although they wore large coarse white aprons, fashioned somewhat like a girl's pinafore, they looked two well-bred gentlemen.

"I say," said the curate nervously, "you know I'm off the day after to-morrow."



"I say," said the curate, nervously.

"Yes. We wish you a pleasant trip."

"Thanks. Sure to enjoy myself. I want to tell you something before I go." They begged him to speak. They thought it was some petty parish matter on his mind.

"Do you mind taking off your aprons for a minute? Somehow my news doesn't seem to fit in with them."

Mr. Mordle was a privileged person. He could say and do what few others could. Moreover, his manner showed them he had something of importance to communicate.

Without a word they untied their pinafores, folded them up and laid them across the sherry cask.

"Shall we go up stairs?" asked Horace.

"Oh dear, no. This will do capitally. What I want to tell you is this: Last week I asked Miss Clauson to marry me. She refused. I thought you ought to know."

Horace looked at Herbert; Herbert looked at Horace. They stroked their beards meditatively, but for some time neither spoke.

"Well," said Mr. Mordle, "that's all."

"I think, Mordle," said Horace sadly, "you should have consulted us first."

"Quite so," said Herbert.

"Don't see it at all. Miss Clauson is of age. But it doesn't matter—I tell you now."

The brothers shook their heads gravely.

"I tell you," said Sylvanus, "because I'm going away to cure myself. When I come back I should like to be able to visit you as before. You needn't be afraid."

"Miss Clauson must decide," said Horace.

"Exactly so," said Herbert.

So the matter was left, and Mr. Mordle went away on his hard-earned holiday with a clear conscience, if a heavy heart.

The brothers returned to their fascinating occupation and worked away for some time in silence. Three dozen of sherry must have been bottled before Horace spoke:

"It is time Beatrice was married."

"Yes," said his brother; "but she isn't a marrying girl. She takes after us, I think."

There was always a comfort in this reflection; especially now, when the fame of Miss Clauson's good looks had spread through half Wessex.

It was indeed time that a suitable suitor made his appearance. The chances were that in a year or two the girl might fall into her uncles' old-maidish ways. For the Talberts were now getting into a domestic groove down which it seemed likely they would slide until the end of their lives. They had of course seen the great world and the vanities thereof, and now they found that there was nothing like home, sweet home—especially when the disposition of the home-lover is such that he takes an immense interest in every detail which makes up that sweetness. With the exception of the perennial visit to town, they had not left Hazlewood House for any length of time since they settled down to rule its fortunes. They went to London this year for the last week in May and the whole of June. But Miss Clauson did not accompany them. She said outright that she hated London, and loved Oakbury and its belongings. So at Oakbury she stayed. A very curious choice on the part of a young lady who might, had she wished to do so, have spent the London season mingling in the pursuits and gayeties of what is called the upper circle.

However, her decision was a certain relief to her uncles. Had she selected to accompany them to town, they would hardly have known what to do with her. A handsome niece staying with them at their hotel would be—well, it might even become a responsibility.

Approving as they did in the main of her treatment of Lady Clauson, they could not counsel her to go to her father's house. There were, of course, many families they knew who would have been glad to have taken charge of a niece of theirs, but Beatrice's staying at another establishment whilst Sir Maingay was in town would clearly show the world that there was a family feud. Nothing in the Talberts' eyes was worse than a proclaimed family feud. Hence it was that even now they spoke of Beatrice as only being on a visit to them. This delicacy on their part was a costly matter, for had they brought themselves to consider the girl as part of the house, they might with perfect justice and propriety have associated her with themselves in the June audit, so giving Horace another opportunity of showing his skill in accounts and estimates.

So when Miss Clauson refused to go to London she extricated her uncles from a dilemma. She stayed at Hazlewood House, and for five weeks ruled Whittaker and the other servants as well as she could.

The Talberts had now settled down for the remainder of the year. Autumn or winter would make little difference to them. They were not, as may easily be imagined, enthusiastic sportsmen. Sometimes they accepted an invitation for a day or two's shooting; but that acceptance depended more on the quality of the host than on that of the sport. Although when they did shoot, they shot fairly well—as they did most other things—it may be taken for granted that their knowledge of the proper treatment of game was more valuable when the game was lying in the larder than when it was flying or running about. They could advise you how to baste a hare much better than how to shoot him. So it was that after their visit to London, they looked upon themselves as pretty well fixed at Hazlewood House until the next spring.

Beatrice was now just past 22. It really was high time that a suitor came, and the "Tabbies," who could easily have adapted their feminine gifts to match making, began to think over two eligible young men in the county.

Then fate produced some one, whom, until now, she had kept in the background. But [illegible] eligible or not is a matter we must answer by and by.

Beatrice entering the library one morning early in August found her uncles in high conclave. She saw at once that something had happened, and for the moment feared to hear that the red currant jelly recently made from their own recipe, and under their own supervision, had turned moldy. It was not that Miss Clauson was particularly fond of red currant jelly, but her fears were simply on account of the distress such a catastrophe would cause her uncles. However, the matter was not so serious as she imagined.

Uncle Horace handed her an open letter [illegible] that, my dear, and tell us how we shall answer it." She read the following:

"Dear Mr. Talbert: You and your brother have several times asked me to pay you a visit. May I come for a week or two this vacation? I am rather knocked up by hard work, and my doctor tells me I had better spend some time in a quiet place in the country. So I remembered your kind invitation, and if quite convenient to you would come straight from Oxford to your house. Of course, although rather overworked, I am not an invalid, or I should not think of trespassing on you. Yours sincerely, Frank Carruthers."

"Who is Frank Carruthers?" asked Beatrice. "Some relation to us, is he not?"

"His mother was my father's half sister."

"What relation does that make him to me?"

Herbert stroked his beard and grappled with the problem. "He must be your half first cousin once removed," he said at last.

"Exactly so," said Horace.

[illegible] Miss Clauson requested further information about Mr. Carruthers. Thereupon Horace went into family history, which it will perhaps be better for us to look up on our own account. On such occasions Horace was apt to become rather prosy.

Old Talbert's half-sister, who was some years younger than himself, married, just before the successful coup came off, a man named Carruthers. It was no great match, and if Mr. Carruthers found domestic bliss it was well that he made his matrimonial arrangements before the "boom" in oil, tobacco, corn or whatever it was, sent Mr. Talbert to [illegible] and county society. Had [illegible] till then the chances are that Mr. Talbert would have insisted on his sister [illegible]. For Carruthers had only a [illegible] fixed income as manager of some works in the north.

Somehow after her marriage his half-sister [illegible] away from Mr. Talbert's life. As [illegible] sisters and brothers so often do the same this fact is not astonishing. Mrs. Carruthers had several children—but one after another they died off. She wrote to her half brother announcing the birth or the death of each. He answered her letters in a congratulatory or consolatory way as the occasion required. This was about all the correspondence which passed between them. When Horace and Herbert were little boys in Eton jackets and round collars Frank Carruthers was born, and a [illegible] enough to give promise of growing up. [illegible] his father before he died saw [illegible] child a strapping young fellow [illegible].

Mr. Carruthers left his widow an annuity [illegible] a few hundreds in ready money. She lived well within her income and expended her capital in finishing her son's education. She may have had some of old Talbert's views of things in general, although lacking his means of carrying them out. Anyway she sent her boy to Oxford, where, for three or four terms, he behaved [illegible].

He got into scrapes, difficulties and debt. So far, indeed, that [illegible] his mother for the first and only time in her life applied to Mr. Talbert for assistance. This was given, [illegible] and the young man was once more set straight.

Then suddenly Mrs. Carruthers died. Out of her annuity she had saved enough each year to pay a premium of assurance, and Frank, who was just twenty-one, found that her forethought had put him in possession of some seventeen hundred pounds.

Whatever his faults might have been he was passionately attached to his mother. Her death seemed to make a changed man of him. He immediately paid back Mr. Talbert's loan—better still, he went to work like a horse—an intellectual horse, of course. The consequence was that he became one of the most shining lights of his year, and was in due time rewarded by a fellowship.

This was lucky; for after having repaid Mr. Talbert he had only enough money left to carry him to the end of his Oxford course.

Eventually he settled down to try and make his living, or augment the emoluments of his fellowship, as an Oxford "coach." At that particular time the supply of coaches was beyond the demand, so for some years, in spite of his brilliant reputation, passengers—or pupils—were few. But he stuck to the business, and latterly had been given as much, even more, than he could manage. Hence the overwork.

All this Uncle Horace told Beatrice in his own fashion—all except the wild-oat episode. That was past and gone; Frank was now a successful man, so his youthful sins might be forgotten.

Beatrice until now knew nothing about her fractional cousin. An intermittent and languishing correspondence had existed between her mother and Mrs. Carruthers, but upon the death of his first wife Sir Maingay had not the least interest in keeping up any form of relationship with Mrs. Carruthers. It is doubtful whether he even knew of her existence. The Talberts, who were far too proud to disown any of her kin, had met the young man several times and had liked what they had seen of him. They had asked him to Oakbury, and after excusing himself once or twice he was now coming there.

"Is he a clergyman?" asked Beatrice.

"He must be, I suppose."

"No," said Herbert. "He never took orders. The fellowship he holds did not make that indispensable."

"They ought all to be like that," said Beatrice. "Men oughtn't to be forced or bribed to enter the church. Besides," continued she, "they ought not to make a man give up his fellowship when he marries. Just as he wants more money they take it from him. He must either give up his wife or his income."

Miss Clauson was growing quite a philosopher on the subject of marriage. She spoke about it as if it were an impossibility that she herself would ever be interested in the matter.

"My dear," said uncle Horace, gallantly, "I don't think a man would consider two hundred a year a great sacrifice if you were in the question."

She smiled faintly at the compliment. "Still the system must be bad," she said. "It might lead to all sorts of unhappiness. A man might keep his marriage a dead secret—might not marry at all. All sorts of misery might result."

"You may be sure," said Herbert, "what is is best."

"Exactly so," said Horace.

"I am sure it is bad," she said, decisively.

Miss Clauson must have been in advance of her day, the authorities now having, in a great measure adopted her views and changed the system.

"Shall we write and tell him to come?" asked Horace. "It won't be any annoyance to you?"

"Why should it be—what difference will it make? Ask him, by all means."

Then, hearing the patter of little feet outside, she left her uncles to answer their letters, and in a few minutes was out in the garden romping with the child.

Horace wrote a beautifully worded letter to Frank Carruthers, expressing the pleasure he and his brother felt at hearing of the promised visit. He begged him to fix his own day for coming, and to stay as long as he conveniently could. The letter was handed to Herbert for perusal and approval. Herbert read it, and after nodding his head continued to hold the letter in his hand, whilst a kind of puzzled, thoughtful look spread over his face.

Strange to say, Horace also fell into a reverie. For some ten minutes the two brothers sat facing one another, stroking their beards. If that vulgar wretch from whose rank mind that feline nickname first sprung could have seen them he would, I am afraid, have been quite satisfied that he had chosen an appropriate designation when he dubbed them the "Tabbies."

Herbert and Horace knew without speaking that their thoughts were running in parallel lines. They often thought of the same thing without a previous word on the subject. The similarity of their natures, no doubt, accounted for this.

"Herbert," said Horace at last, "you are thinking of what Beatrice said?"

"Yes, I am."

"So am I. It seemed a revelation, but we ought not to jump at conclusions."

"No," said Herbert, "but the fact remains. Some four years ago he had nothing but his fellowship to live upon."

"You are right, nothing. Beatrice spoke justly. She may by chance have struck the mark."

"I am afraid so. Still, we must not be hasty. Yet, whoever sent the child must have fancied it had some claim on us."

"It is ridiculous to suppose that an entire stranger would have done such a thing."

"Quite so," said Herbert.

"He may have been much tempted; at that time he was driven to his wits' end. It is a sad affair; let us try and piece it together."

Then like a couple of old women, they began to construct their new theory.

"We will say," began Horace, "he was married four years ago."

"Yet was dishonorable enough to conceal it, so that he might hold his fellowship."

"Of course this is all supposition," said Horace. The word dishonorable in connection with one of his own kin grated on his ear.

"Exactly so," said Herbert. "I should suspect that his wife died—perhaps recently, perhaps shortly after the birth of the child."

"The latter, I should think. Frank makes a large income now, and could afford to give up two hundred a year."

"Yes," said Herbert, "the wife died after the birth of the boy. The older the child got the more trouble he found it to conceal its identity. The [illegible] it to us, trusting we may keep it."

"And now," capped Herbert, "after declining former invitations, he comes to us himself. The further we pursue the matter the clearer it becomes."

They were quite in a state of mild excitement. That they could draw logical inferences we have seen by the affair of Ann Jenkins' stockings. The brothers had both been distressed that all their speculations as to little Harry's origin had fallen to the ground for want of proper support. Now, at last, was a theory which, if it reflected dishonor on a connection of theirs, was at least tenable. It was improbable, but the whole affair was so monstrous that it needed an improbability to account for it. They absolutely argued themselves into believing they had found the truth.

"Didcot is the junction for Oxford," continued Herbert, after a pause.

"Besides," said Horace, "we cannot forget that his conduct once was not what it should have been."

That's the worst of going wrong. No amount of straight running will make people cease to look at it askance. The work of reformation is child's play to that of making your friends believe you have reformed.

Therefore Horace Talbert's remark was a clincher. Herbert toyed with the open letter.

"Shall we send this?" he asked.

They fell to stroking their beards once more, and continued the operation until the natural kindliness of their hearts reasserted itself.

"After all," said Herbert, "it is all purely conjectural."

"Completely so."

"He had better come, then."

"I think so. Besides, it will give us an opportunity of seeing him with the child; surely the instincts of paternity must show themselves."

"They are supposed to be very strong."

But as neither of them knew anything about paternity, these remarks were made in a doubtful tone, and were subject to correction.

The polite letter was sent, and a week after the ending of the Trinity term the young Oxford tutor packed up his things and started for Oakbury.

As there is no occasion to make superfluous mysteries, it may at once be said that Frank Carruthers knew no more of the existence of the child whom his amiable uncles had argued themselves into believing to be in some way his property than he knew of—for the sake of a simile—say the presence at Hazlewood House of a gray-eyed girl, whose beauty would satisfy every demand of his rather fastidious taste.

CHAPTER X.

THE FRACTIONAL COUSIN.

Miss Clauson showed very little interest in the approaching visit. To this curious and, at times, almost apathetic young woman it seemed as if all young men were alike, although we have seen that she was capable of showing strong feeling and emotion, as when she rejected Mr. Mordle's love.

The only sentiments Miss Clauson felt about Frank Carruthers were these: She was rather glad he was not a clergyman, and rather sorry he was a sort of cousin. She was not very partial to clergymen, and she thought that male cousins were apt to presume on their relationship. Perhaps they do.

She had not even the interest which falls to the lot of hostess in preparing for the arrival of a guest. Herbert himself had seen that the large feather bed in the chintz room had been carried down and aired at the kitchen fire. He had with his own hands given out the needful blankets, counterpanes, sheets and pillow cases; had even looked to the match box and pin cushion.

So, with something akin to indifference, Beatrice saw the lodge gate open and Horace bring the horses and large wagonette up to the door. She noticed that the young man who sat beside him looked rather pale and washed out. She saw several portmanteaus handed out, and so came to the conclusion he intended making a long stay. Then she returned the book she was reading. It was far more interesting than any young man.

Nor was she disturbed for some time. It was close upon the dinner—indeed, Beatrice was already dressed; so the Talberts took their guest to his room, and left him to make his evening toilet. Just before the gong sounded the three men entered the drawing-room, and Frank was duly presented to Miss Clauson.

When a young man and woman know it is their fate to spend several weeks together in a country house, and when there is a family connection between them, it is no use commencing by being distant to one another. At least, so thought Frank Carruthers, for he shook hands with Miss Clauson, and began talking to her as if he had known her all his life. Beatrice felt sure he meant to presume on his relationship.

Still she was very civil and kind to him and welcomed him to Oakbury. By and by, in the course of his easy conversation, he made what struck her as being an original remark. What it was is not recorded, but, as original remarks grow scarcer every day, any young man who makes one a minute after his first introduction to a young lady is something out of the common run. So Beatrice for the first time really looked to see what he was like. You may depend he had made up his mind about her looks at once.

He was pale and appeared thin and overworked. By the side of Horace and Herbert he seemed a short, slight man, although he was quite middle height, and if thin had plenty of muscle. He was very handsome in his own style and had a clever, intellectual look in his face. His eyes were dark and keen, not restless eyes, yet seemed to glance at everything quickly and enable him in a second to make up his mind about the object at which he looked. There was an expression hovering about his mouth which a physiognomist would have told you hinted at sarcasm, and his chin proclaimed that he had a will of his own.

By the time Beatrice had finished her survey, and before she had come to any decision, except that he was by no means ill-looking, the gong sounded. Horace offered his arm to his niece, and led her to the dining-room, followed by Herbert and Frank.

They dined at a round table, pulled almost up to the window. It was pleasant at this time of year to be able to look out on the garden. If everybody knew the comfort of a round table when the party is small, the whole stock in the country would be at once bought up.

After all, in spite of his pale face, there seemed little the matter with Mr. Carruthers. His appetite was a fair one; but if a man could not make a good dinner at Hazlewood House his interior organization must be in a state past redemption. So he ate like a hale man and talked like one whose brain was in full working order.

"It's very good of you to take charge of an invalid like me," he said across the table to Beatrice.

"You must thank my uncles. I am only a visitor like yourself, Mr. Carruthers."

"And both very welcome," said Horace, courteously.

"Exactly so," said Herbert.

"By the by," said Frank, turning to Horace, "tell me what I shall call you and your brother. Mr. Talbert seems too stiff—Horace and Herbert too familiar. I could, like Miss Clauson, call you uncle, if you liked; but you are not old enough."

They dined at a round table.

"I think, as we are cousins, we had better use the Christian name simply."

This was a great concession on their part. Only persons like Lady Bowker, who had known them from boys, called the Talberts by their Christian names.

"Thank you," said Frank. "Now enlighten me as to my relationship to Miss Clauson."

Herbert explained the matter.

"Half first cousin once removed. An unknown quantity. If I were a mathematician I would try to express it in figures. It doesn't seem much, but it's better than nothing."

Beatrice felt sure the young man meant to include her in the arrangement just made with her uncles. She was wrong; it was many days before he called her anything except Miss Clauson. Love always should begin in a most respectful manner.

Then the Talberts, who had the knack of always interesting themselves in their guests' affairs, and who were, moreover, capital listeners, asked him questions about his life at Oxford.

"Life!" he said; "it can scarcely be called life. All term time from nine in the morning to nine at night I try to fill up a vacuum—created by nature, but which nature does not seem to abhor—in young fellows' brains. You look upon a tutor's calling as rather an intellectual one, don't you?"

"Naturally we do."

"Then be undeceived. A man who keeps a shop requires far greater gifts. He has a variety of things to sell, and a variety of customers to send away equipped with what they want. My customers are all the same—my wares don't vary. I assure you, Miss Clauson, the dull, level stupidity of the typical undergraduate is appalling."

"Then it needs a clever man to improve them."

"Perhaps so—but clever in what? Not in learning. Clever in knowing what they are likely to be asked in examination. Clever in cutting off all superfluous work. As for the learning, the tutor need only be a page ahead of his pupil and that does not constitute a supreme effort. Did you ever see a firework manufactory?"

He asked Beatrice this. It seemed a sudden departure from the subject. Of course she had never seen a firework manufactory.

"Well, they ram this and that into the empty cases. So do I. Saltpetre—Latin. Sulphur—Greek. Charcoal—history. Balls of colored fire—various information. I ram and ram. The case is full and in place. The examiner applies the match and looks for the result. Then—"

"They burst in the wrong place," said Beatrice slyly. She was amused.

"Yes—many of them—burst and scatter the unburned charge to the winds in a ludicrous manner. Some, of course, fly straight and only come down like sticks after fulfilling their appointed tasks."

"But some succeed like yourself," said Horace.

"My dear Horace!" Frank fell into the Christian name arrangement with the greatest ease. "The more I see of undergraduates the humbler I grow. I was successful, but if my competitors were like those I coach it's nothing to be proud of."

"Yet your learning brings these pupils to you."

"Not a bit of it. I have a knack of bringing dull fellows on, that's all."

"And perhaps the reason why you get all the dull fellows," said Beatrice.

"There's something in that," said Carruthers, laughing.

"You read Latin," said Frank, suddenly turning to Beatrice.

"Yes. How could you tell?"

He laughed and gave her one of his quick glances.

"There is a little line between your brows—a very little one. Young ladies always knit their brows when they study hard. Latin for a lady is hard study."

"Other things besides study bring lines," said Beatrice, rather coldly.

"Yes—trouble. But you can have had none. Pride may bring them. You are proud, but not severely proud. So I am right."

Certainly this young man was presuming. Beatrice, half displeased, said nothing.

"Won't you have some more champagne, Frank?" said Horace, noticing the young man declined Whittaker's mute offer of refilling his glass.

"No, thank you. I drink very little, although your wine is enough to shake the sternness of an anchorite."

"That is Byron, is it not?" asked Herbert.

"Byron misquoted," said Beatrice quietly. Frank gave her a quick glance.

"Are you sure?" he said.

"Certain. I looked it up last week. It is 'saintship' not 'sternness.'"

"I looked it up some months ago. No; I remember, I couldn't find the book, so trusted to my memory. I was wrong it seems."

"Homer sometimes nods," said Horace.

Beatrice was looking rather inquisitively at Frank. "What did you want the quotation for?" she asked.

"For—something or another—I forgot now. As soon as I am allowed to work my brain I'll try and remember."

"Don't trouble—I know. I saw the misquotation last week."

Frank shrugged his shoulders.

"Of course, you wrote the paper," continued Beatrice.

"You are provokingly acute, Miss Clauson."

"What did Frank write?" asked Horace.

Beatrice smiled. She felt she was now going to take her revenge for Mr. Carruthers' remark about the Latin.

"That paper in The Latterday Review on landowners' responsibilities," she said demurely.

"Nonsense, Beatrice! Frank couldn't have written that. Did you?" continued Horace, more doubtfully, seeing his guest manifested no horror at the accusation.

"Young ladies should not read The Latterday," said Frank.

"Anonymous writers should not be [illegible]," retorted Beatrice.

"But *did* you write it, Frank?" asked Herbert.

The two brothers looked the picture of anxiety. Frank laughed.

"Miss Clauson is horribly acute," he said.

Therefore they all understood that Mr. Carruthers was the author of the article in question, an article which, from the bold and original views it ventilated, had attracted a great deal of attention. Horace and Herbert looked aghast.

"Frank," said the former in a solemn voice, "you must be a radical."

"You must," said Herbert sorrowfully.

Even the respectable Whittaker, who had listened to the conversation, pulled a long face, and seemed to say to himself "he must be a radical." That his masters' cousin should so disgrace the family was very distressing.

"Oh dear, no," said the culprit. "I'm not—are you, Horace?"

The utter absurdity of the question made them all laugh. Horace and Herbert thanked Heaven they were not radicals.

"But there are respectable radicals, are there not?" asked Frank, innocently.

"A few," said Horace. And as the truth was he was obliged to confess that there were one or two radicals of his acquaintance whose social position raised them above [illegible] of their political creed. It was a fault in what was otherwise a fairly well-regulated world. It was a satisfaction to have [illegible] that he was not a radical. [illegible] him so gravely.

"I fancy Mr. Carruthers is a conservative," said Beatrice mischievously.

"Then my expressed opinions of [illegible] suffers."

"But what are your views, Frank?" asked Horace.

"I have none in particular. I am willing to be guided by the best authorities, yourselves, for instance. Tell me why you hate radicals so?"

"They are so—so—un-English."

"Ah. Then I detest them. Now you know what I am. I am English. Are you English, Horace?"

They told him solemnly they hoped and believed they were English to the backbone; but they told themselves they were [illegible] man with insular narrowness rubbed off by foreign travel.

"Yes," said Frank, "it's a great thing to be English. Few people realize what it means. I do most thoroughly."

"That's right," said Horace. In spite of the landowner article, he was growing quite easy about his guest.

"I would pass a law," said Frank gravely, "making it penal for any Englishman to learn a word of a foreign tongue. Every time an English child conjugates a French or German verb he retards the millennium."

"The millennium!" said Beatrice, astonished.

"Yes—my idea of the millennium—[illegible] is when the whole civilized world speaks English. If we could only converse in our own tongue, every nation would be forced to learn it, and so hasten the happy day. Wherever the English language gets a good footing, it conquers."

"Of course you speak only your own language?" said Beatrice. She was by now getting quite interested.

"In my ignorance of what was right I learned one or two others. I am trying to forget them, but I can't do so."

"Well, in what other way would you show your patriotism?" asked Horace, who was amused.

"I would cling to every bit of foreign land we acquired, whether gained by force, fraud, purchase, or discovery. I wouldn't think whether it paid to keep it or not. It must benefit the original owners to become Anglicized; and whatever place it is, it is sure to come in useful some day."

"No wonder you hate radicals," said Herbert, approvingly.

"Well, what else?" asked Beatrice. He had been for the most part addressing his remarks to her, so she had a right to ask.

"Lots more. But, as we are all so English, let me ask you a question. Doesn't it sometimes [illegible] upon your mind to think that we are obliged to accept full-blooded Germans as our kings and queens? [illegible] English blood has the prince in his veins?"

That was a very startling question. The Talberts immediately began to run down the royal family tree. Frank took a piece of bread.

"I'll show you by an illustration," he said. "You'll be frightened. Here's James the First," he pointed to the bread. "Here is his daughter Sophia," he cut the bread in half. "Here's George the First," he cut the bread again. "Here's George the Second," cutting again. "Here's George the Third," cutting again. "Here's Edward, Duke of Kent," cutting again. "Here's the Queen, God bless her!" cutting again. "Here's Albert Edward, heaven preserve him!" He cut the bread for the last time, and sticking the tiny morsel that remained on a fork, gravely handed it to Beatrice.

"It's a mortifying state of things, isn't it," he said, "for those who are so thoroughly English as ourselves? Don't you sympathize with the Jacobites, Miss Clauson?"

"I think you are talking rank treason," said Beatrice. She scarcely knew whether he was in jest or earnest. Perhaps he didn't know himself.

The dinner proper was just over. Whittaker came in with the crumb brush and swept away James I. and his descendants through the female side. As soon as the wine was placed on the table the door was opened and little Harry trotted into the room. He was allowed to make his appearance for a few minutes at this time whenever there was no company. The Talberts, remembering their theory, put up their eye glasses to note the paternal instinct their guest might display.

"Halloo!" he cried, "another pleasant surprise." No doubt he meant to imply that Miss Clauson's presence at Hazlewood House was the first.

"Now, who is this?" he asked as the boy ran to Beatrice's side. "Will he come to me? I am really fond of children."

Tempted by the irresistible bribe of grapes the boy trotted round the table. Frank picked him up, kissed him, tickled him, stroked his golden hair, and admired him greatly, but showed none of those emotions which the Talberts imagined they would detect. In fact, the way in which he met the boy removed their base suspicions entirely. They were glad of this, although it plunged them back into darkness. They felt very friendlily disposed towards their cousin and were glad to be able to think him as honorable a man as themselves. Probably they never really doubted this.

So in reply to his question as to whose child this merry, laughing boy was, they told him the history of his appearance, and how Beatrice had begged that he might be kept at Hazlewood House.

"I don't wonder at it," said Frank. "I wish some one would send me another just like him."

Beatrice gave him a look of gratitude. Every word that confirmed her in possession of the child was welcome to her. She had not yet looked at Mr. Carruthers in any way which carried emotion with it. Her glance was a revelation. Till then he had no idea of what dark gray eyes could express.

She soon left the men, but to rejoin them when they took a stroll round the grounds. Frank was here shown many clever little devices by which the Talberts perfected the out-of-door arrangements. He learned how they checked the consumption of corn and hay in the stables; how they regulated the amount of coke used for the hothouse. Indeed, as he was quick of comprehension and in detecting peculiarities of character, he was not so very much surprised when, having returned to the drawing-room, he greatly admired a fine piece of knotted lace, to hear that the uncompleted piece of work was not Miss Clauson's, but wrought by that accomplished artist, Uncle Herbert.

(To be Continued.)

Origin of the Fan.

[Boston Transcript.]

One evening when the beautiful Kan Si, daughter of a powerful Chinese mandarin, was assisting at the grand feast of lanterns, she was so overcome by the heat that she was obliged to take off her mask. But to expose her face to the eyes of the profane and vulgar was a serious offence against the law, so, holding the mask as closely as possible to her features, she rapidly fluttered it to give herself air, and the rapidity of the movement still concealed her. The other ladies present, witnessing this hardy but pleasing innovation, imitated it, and at once 10,000 hand were fluttering 10,000 masks. Thus the fan was evolved and took the place of the mask.

McKean County Miner

[illegible] EVERY FRIDAY.

[illegible]

Smethport, Pa., June 26, 1885.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

[illegible]

RULES Governing Elections, Adopted by the Republican party of McKean County

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE

[illegible]

[illegible] T. Manning, Esq., one of the most brilliant lawyers of the country, died at his home in Washington city on Tuesday last, in the 56th year of his age.

A dispatch from Pittsburg, a few days since, announced that Barry is now sound connected with Col. Bayne for a seat in Congress from the [illegible] district. Since then Oliver denies the "soft impeachment."

The [illegible] county *Press* speaks a good word for Col. John Patton, of Clearfield county, as a candidate for state treasurer. Col. Patton is one of the best men in Pennsylvania and his nomination would be hailed with great rejoicing on the part of the people.

It is estimated that 30,000 veterans kept in line in the Grand Army parade in Portland on Tuesday last. The parade was three hours in passing a given point. Gen. Logan rode in Congressman Reed's carriage in company with [illegible], and his reception by the people was the great feature of the day. It was a continuous ovation, to which he courteously responded by bowing right and left showing his acknowledgment.

There will be a reduction in the salaries of most of the presidential postmasters in this state, for the fiscal year commencing July 1st. In that class of offices in this section of the state the reductions will be as follows:

Bradford	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
[illegible]	"	[illegible]
Ridgway	"	[illegible]
St. Marys	"	[illegible]
Smethport	"	[illegible]

There is no change in the Kane [illegible] office and the Eldred office is reduced to the fourth class, the grade below a presidential office.

REPRESENTATION.

The question of representation in party conventions, is one that will continue to be agitated until it is settled by basing representation on the vote of the party. It is the only fair and equitable mode of representation. McKean county, for the years past, has been entitled to two delegates in the state convention, but owing to the non-apportionment of the state she will have but one in the July convention. Venango county with about the same population will have three. What justice is there in this? Lancaster county with over 19,000 republican voters has no more representative delegates in the state convention than Berks with [illegible]. One republican voter in Berks county has as much voice in the state convention as two Lancaster republicans. This is a wrong that there is no sense in continuing. Every county should have a representative, and an additional representative for a given number of voters or fraction thereof. It is not the details that we now propose to deal with but the principle.

This principle will apply to counties and districts. There is no sense in giving a republican in a small township four times the power in a county convention which a republican in a populous precinct is only permitted to exercise.

[illegible]

Gov. Pattison approved thirty four bills on Tuesday last the majority of them being appropriations for state institutions. Among those approved was the appropriation of $[illegible] to the Warren insane asylum, and the following bills which are of general interest:

For the destruction of wolves, wild cats, foxes, minks, hawks, weasels and owls.

An act repealing the first section of an act entitled an act for regulating and maintaining of fences in 1700.

To establish the standard measure and weight of charcoal.

An act amending the provisions of the tenth section of an act approved May 9 1874 entitled an act supplementary to the several acts relating to the state treasurer and the commissioners of the state fund.

An act in relation to mutual insurance companies.

An act relating to warrantees in the applications for life insurance policies.

An act providing that foreign fire insurance companies shall not be required to include in their reports statements of their foreign business.

A supplement to act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of the state relating to concealment of property to avoid execution.

An act for the protection of public libraries.

Relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners, the superintendent and the watchmen thereof.

A Washington dispatch of recent date says, that nothing has been heard officially from Meade, the Copiah county, Mississippi, postmaster, whose resignation was demanded three days after his appointment because of his connection with the murder of Matthews a couple of years ago. It can be stated on the authority of private letters, that he will not resign. If the administration wishes to get rid of him he says, he must be turned out. Copiah stands by Meade and is ready to make her case a national one, and representative Barksdale stands by Copiah. Well, the president has taken the bull by the horns and suspended Mr. Meade. On Monday last he appointed his successor a Mr. McAlester. All good citizens will rejoice at the action of the president in this case, as it pretty conclusively shows that he does not propose to reward murderers, even if they did assist in elevating him to the presidency.

Hon. Roscoe Conkling is reported to have recently said to a friend, that he "was not at any time nor in any way invited to take part in the last campaign for the republican party in New York state or out of it and you know a man can't very conscientiously dine with friends until he has first received an invitation. I see also I am credited with having an acquaintance with President Cleveland and influence with his administration. You can say for me that this is wholly untrue. I never saw Mr. Cleveland in my life." This is only additional evidence of the imbecility which characterized the conduct of the last campaign on the part of the republican managers.

A dispatch from Washington city of June 18th says the health of First Assistant Postmaster General Hay is continually growing worse. He was not at his office yesterday and to-day, although the weather is very warm, he came to his place of business enveloped in a winter overcoat. He is pale and weary and fearfully emaciated. The press of business upon him is enormous and all of his friends concur in the belief that it is only a question of a few days until he will either have to give up his efforts or die in the harness. One of his neighbors said to-day that Mr. Hay was simply committing suicide.

Judge Angle of Rochester, on Saturday last, ordered a judgment of foreclosure and sale against the Rochester and Pittsburg railroad and confirmed the report of the referee, which finds the amount due on the bonds to be $2,051,292.01. The sale is ordered to pay the principal and interest with costs. John M. Davy, of Rochester, is made referee to sell and the auction will take place in the Rochester court house after due advertising. An appeal will probably be made by the opposing stockholders.

President Cleveland refused to appoint Edward Cleveland postmaster at Quincy, Ill., for fear the applicant might be one of his relatives. The President doesn't take much stock in the family.—*Press.*

Gen. W. W. H. Davis, of Doylestown, was appointed pension agent at Philadelphia, vice Col. A. Wilson Norris, suspended, on Monday last. A good man thereby fills the place of an excellent official.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

During the week many more names have been added to the long list of those who have been required by the new powers to step out of office in order to make place for democrats. The sweeping out of republican officials does not yet meet the wishes of Gen. Logan however. He made a tour of the executive departments on Friday last calling upon old friends and paying respects to new officials. To the latter he said his only request was that his office holding constituents be relieved with a little more rapidity. The senator is firm in the conviction that no republican would think of asking a democratic administration for office, neither should republicans remain in office under democratic rule unless specially requested to do so. But few government clerks can afford to be proud and independent. Many are disabled, old and have large families. A few days ago a chief of a division in the treasury department was requested to resign by Secretary Manning. He refused to do so as no charge could be made against him. He was then given the alternative of accepting a clerkship or being summarily dismissed. He concluded to accept a lower place, and was accordingly reduced from a salary of $2,100 per annum to a $1,400 position.

Nor is the removal of republicans rapid enough for democratic congressmen who have visited Washington during the present month in quest of places for their constituents. They were under the impression that as the new fiscal year approached, removals of men would be even more rapid. Representative Bennett of North Carolina, has announced that next winter he will endeavor to smooth the way for the appointment of democrats by doing his best to repeal the civil service law.

The civil service commissioners have had a busy week here with examinations. A class of over a hundred applicants ran the gauntlet for positions as post office inspectors alone, although only about one third that number can get appointments now. They were men from nearly all the states, and of nearly all ages and conditions. Some of the questions were peculiar as would naturally be those asked of prospective detectives. For instance the class was introduced to one of the professors of the agricultural department then asked to describe him after he had gone out. This was to test their power of remembering faces and persons.

Post office inspectors have been a source of great political strength. They are kept constantly on the move and can therefore do many political errands. There are many vacancies in this department now because commissions in the class of offensive partisans many of them have resigned, some have been suspended, and no inspectors have been appointed for six months.

Another class of candidates were examined for positions in the state department. The questions were in law, government, orthography, penmanship, arithmetic, etc. Among the questions were such as the following: "What is meant by the extradition of a person?" "State the difference between a corporation and a copartnership?" "State the distinction at common law between dower and jointure?" "What are the relations of federal and state governments under the constitution?" The applicants were required to name the presidents of the United States and to give some of the characteristics of each administration. Another test required the class to address a letter to the secretary of state giving the writers views on the duties of a foreign minister.

WASHINGTON, June 22 1885.

Postage Rates Changed.

On July 1 the following important changes will be made in the rates of postage:

1. Any article in a newspaper or other publication may be marked for observation except by written or printed words without increase of postage.

2. All newspapers sent from the office of publication including sample copies, or when sent from a news agency to actual subscribers thereto or to other news agents, shall be entitled to transmission at the rate of one cent per pound or fraction thereof, the postage to be prepaid.

3. The weight of all single rate letters is increased from one-half of one ounce each or fraction thereof to one ounce. The same increase of weight is allowed for drop letters whether mailed at stations where there is a free delivery or where carrier service is not established.

4. A special stamp of the value of 10c may be issued, which when attached to letters, in addition to the lawful postage thereon, shall entitle letters to immediate delivery at any place containing 4,000 population or over according to the federal census, or within one mile of the post office coming within the provisions of this law, which may in like manner be designated as a special delivery office; that such specially stamped letters shall be delivered between seven a. m. and midnight; that a book shall be provided in which the person to whom the letter is addressed shall acknowledge its receipt; that messengers for this special delivery are to be paid eighty per cent. of the face value of all the stamps received and recorded in a month, provided that the aggregate compensation paid to any one person for such service shall not exceed $30 per month and provided further that the regulations for the delivery of these specially stamped letters shall in no way interfere with the prompt delivery of letters as provided by existing law or regulations.

The election of Hon. Geo. Handy Smith as president pro tem. of the senate just before the final adjournment, was a graceful tribute to one of the most genial and popular gentlemen connected with either house. He will be re-elected to preside over the next senate and we predict that no more popular official will ever have wielded the gavel over that body.

Gen. Grant is rapidly nearing the hour when his soul will be transported to the realms above. It hardly seems possible that he can survive many more days.

Pleasant Summer Trips.

With the first breath of summer come recollections of broad highways of hard sand, stretches of billowy ocean, the roar of surges, the cooling breath of Neptune, the splash of the waves, the salty air from the wide sweeping sea, and the countless other delights of life on the sea coast. And nature, ever kindly, has placed within easy reaching distance a sea coast for the pleasure of mankind and womankind in their hours of leisure, and which man has improved until it seems perfection. From Sandy Hook to Cape May the Atlantic Ocean dashes upon a coast of the most variable but always beautiful description. Years ago this was for the most part a desolate shore, but to-day it blossoms like the rose, and attracts to it the tired dwellers in the cities who have a day, a week, or a month of relaxation. At one end of this shining strip of sand lies Long Branch and at the other Cape May, while between there are located numerous other resorts, all worthy of attention, and each of which has its champion among summer tourists.

The most important of the intermediate resorts is Atlantic City. It has the distinction of being strikingly unlike all other seaside resorts. It reminds one of a striking character in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," "a young woman who 'just growed.'" Atlantic City wasn't planned. It jumped into existence apparently of its own accord, and has seemingly made a hit. It is practically an island, for it is separated from the main land by miles of salt marshes. It is twenty miles nearer to Philadelphia than any other New Jersey resort, and perhaps for this reason it is the Mecca of Philadelphians and of people who live hundreds of miles from that city. Every one in Pennsylvania has heard of Atlantic City, and when the denizens of the rural districts takes a vacation, and reaches Philadelphia, his first thought is to get out of it and reach Atlantic city as quick as possible. The first thing to do is to find a hotel, and, with a guide, this is not difficult, they are numerous. There are besides the hotels cottages without number and private boarding houses beyond count. Atlantic City has beyond [illegible] a vast [illegible] of [illegible]. The facilities for reaching Atlantic City [illegible]. The distance from New York by way of Philadelphia is 150 miles by rail and is covered in about four hours by the [illegible] Railroad and its [illegible]. All kinds of fish abound in its waters, and salt water birds are numerous in its immediate vicinity. Its even temperature makes it a healthful resort, and this perhaps helps to account for the fact that it is patronized by the rich as well as the poor. Its board walk is a joy forever if not a thing of beauty. Bathing and swimming is indulged in to an unlimited extent. On Sundays the crowd is immense. On week days it is not immense. Atlantic City has nothing to complain of. The present season promises to eclipse all the previous seasons in the matter of attendance and the natives are making desperate efforts to provide for the rush that they may make all the hay possible while the sun remains above the horizon. North and South Atlantic Cities are adjuncts to the parent town and are making big strides to catch up. Between Atlantic City and Cape May are a number of other pleasant and flourishing resorts which will want [illegible] a fat city [illegible] but in comparison with Cape May there are [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible]. It has been said that the West Jersey Railroad carries the traveler through a desert [illegible] Cape May [illegible] the [illegible] "[illegible] of watering places." [illegible] sight of [illegible] influence on the mind [illegible] and there seems to be no [illegible] for the [illegible] at that [illegible] discovered Cape May they would have pitched their tents there in preference to any other spot on the globe. There is nothing ephemeral about Cape May. Away back in 1875 it boasted of a Baptist church, and surely if there were a church there, it must have had a congregation. This, of itself, is a source of gratification to the residents of the beautiful city on the sea, a city which can boast of a population the year round, with great hotels, magnificent private residences, and countless other advantages, and a life all its own. Nothing, apparently, can shake its popularity. Built upon a strip of upland, where the waters of the bay and ocean meet, it has a grand view of the Atlantic. Its beach is broad and smooth, and it is considered the grandest bathing ground on the coast. The dangerous undertow that makes bathing at some points insecure is here unknown, and perfect safety seems to reign over the waves that lave its silver sands. Its streets are broad and level and all its structures have an air of solidity and an absence of newness that is refreshing of itself. An uninterrupted view of the ocean is obtained from one end to the other of the magnificent boulevard that runs parallel with the ocean for a distance of five miles. Its beach is its glory and its new iron pier the pride of its people. It is as smooth as a billiard table. Its sky is always blue and its sun is seldom hidden. Its bathing facilities are glorious and are taken advantage of to the full. Noon is the favorite hour for the afternoon [illegible] both sexes all in costume [illegible] and striking [illegible] their [illegible] of other and admiring or amused [illegible] Cape May's hotels are quite as famous as the city itself. During the summer season from June to September Cape May's accommodations are as extensive as they are [illegible] to the utmost. Early as it is, the indications are that the present season will push its predecessors very hard in an effort to beat the record.

At the extreme southern end of New Jersey is situated Cape May Point. Except on the northeast side it is surrounded by the Atlantic Ocean and Delaware Bay. Although it is but two miles distant from Cape May it is connected with that resort by rail and the residents of the two points are generally equally well acquainted with both stamping grounds. Lake Spring Lake, Cape May Point possesses a fresh water lake which is fed by cool and sparkling springs. The lake is situated within a few hundred feet of the Atlantic's salty breakers. Its hotels are excellent and its guests are always sure of finding a plentiful supply of amusement in bathing, sailing, fishing, and driving.

Flatulent Colic in Horses.

When Prof. Gamgee was in this country, he said to the writer, that more horses died of colic, than of any other malady, and he suggested a remedy which has been published in the *American Agriculturist*, and been found efficacious, we doubt not, by thousands of horse owners. The remedy, simply stated, is copious injections of cold or tepid water—that is, cold but not too cold. Water that has the temperature of the air in the summer time is right—say seventy to ninety degrees. The best way to apply it is to use a large funnel, holding about two quarts, to which a rubber tube, three feet long, is attached and that is terminated by a tin nozzle about fourteen inches long, tapering to a quarter inch opening. This end should be protected by a lump of solder, so as to prevent injury to the parts. The funnel is filled with water at the level of the horse's rump, and then lifted up as high as possible. Four to six quarts will usually be sufficient to start the wind, then stand clear. Relief follows at once.

There are many causes of colic, as a sudden change of food, hard work or active exercise after feeding, very rapid eating (as after long fasting and hard work), the chill experienced when exposed to too rapid cooling off after sweating—these are some of the common causes, and are conditions to be avoided at any rate. Care will almost always prevent colic, and the above simple remedy will generally cure it; we have never known it to fail.

A writer in the New York *Tribune* says: I heard last week an unwritten chapter in General Grant's history that seems somewhat to support General Logan's view especially as the consumption trouble attacks the weakest part. When General Grant left West Point, after being graduated, he was in extremely poor health, with all the signs of becoming an early victim to consumption. The Grant family has been subject to consumption for many generations. It was thought that Ulysses would not live beyond the year. He went out to Missouri, bought him a horse and took to the woods. For nearly a year he rode horse back in the woods and open air. At the end of that time his lungs had become strong, but a protracted and seemingly incurable sore throat remained. It was a long time before he had any relief from it, and a much longer time before he was apparently cured.

No Wonder.

A MAN WHO SUFFERED MENTAL AND PHYSICAL AGONY EIGHT YEARS PROCLAIMS HIS HAPPINESS.

Mental agony is dreadful, but when that and physical torment combine, it is simply [illegible]. Such was the condition of Geo. W. Frampton, of Huntingdon, W. Va., for eight years. He was a sufferer of necrosis [illegible] the leg bone at the ankle [illegible] and I mortified, which caused running sores. He says: "Pieces of bone the size of a silver three cent piece came out of the sores on my leg. The discharge from the sores was almost continual, and I was unable to walk. For eight years I have been doctoring. I had been under the treatment of a physician at Newport, Ky., for a year, another at Burlington, O., attended me for three years, and a doctor here at Huntingdon worked with me for a long time. None of them did me any good, and they all finally said my case was hopeless. A few months ago I commenced trying PERUNA, and now I am [illegible] I can walk as good as anybody, and have perfect use of my limbs."

Mr. Alf Lusk, Wooster, Ohio, writes: "Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O. I have been a great sufferer from that dreaded [illegible] catarrh of the stomach. [illegible] your MANALIN, [illegible] done me more good ten fold [illegible] the doctors' prescriptions, and I [illegible] of them."

[illegible] Harte, Smeltzer P. O., Elk [illegible]: "I have bought several [illegible] PERUNA, and find it [illegible]. I also gave it to some of my friends, they experienced [illegible] result."

Mr. L. R. Woren, 45 and 47 Ross street Pittsburgh Pa., writes: "I am taking PERUNA with good results and can [illegible] to all. I have applied at the different drug stores for one [illegible] books. They claim they have [illegible] on hand at present. Please do me [illegible] one."

W. W. Ras[illegible], druggist, Canonsburg, Pa., writes: "I [illegible] your medicine, PERUNA. I [illegible] immense quantities [illegible] a staple article. I [illegible] customers who think [illegible] for a tonic or [illegible]. I recommend [illegible] reliable remedy."

[illegible] Malvern, Ohio, writes: "[illegible] recommending the use [illegible] MANALIN to any one [illegible] of lung or bronchial trouble. I have been for some time [illegible] a very troublesome cough, [illegible] a few bottles of PERUNA entirely cured me."

THE Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's consumption cure."

ARE you made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's vitalizer is a positive cure.

WHY will you cough when Shiloh's cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.

SHILOH'S catarrh remedy—a positive cure for catarrh, diptheria and canker mouth.

"HACKMETACK" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 20 and 50 cents.

SHILOH'S cure will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis.

FOR dyspepsia and liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's vitalizer. It never fails to cure.

A NASAL injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's catarrh remedy. Price 50 cents.

ROUGH ON RATS.—Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs.

HEART PAINS.—Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

BUCHU-PAIBA. Quick complete cure, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary diseases, Scalding, Irritation, Stone, Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder. $1 Druggists.

Bed bugs, flies. Flies, roaches, ants, bed bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks cleared out by Rough on Rats. 15cts.

HEADACHES

Are generally induced by Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Costiveness, Deficient Circulation, or some Derangement of the Liver and Digestive System. Sufferers will find relief by the use of

Ayer's Pills

to stimulate the stomach and produce a regular daily movement of the bowels. By their action on these organs, AYER'S PILLS divert the blood from the brain, and relieve and cure all forms of Congestive and Nervous Headache, Bilious Headache, and Sick Headache; and by keeping the bowels free, and preserving the system in a healthful condition, they insure immunity from future attacks. Try

Ayer's Pills.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

The Ferguson Superator [illegible]

MANHOOD

How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence, or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St., New York city, Box 450.

Vol. 22-No. [illegible]

BIRGEHID [illegible]

ROBT. H. ROSE

[illegible]

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

[illegible]

[illegible], Dec. 24, 18[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

SILVER MOUNTAIN GRANITE, MARBLE

— AND —

STONE WORKS!

SMETHPORT, PA.

WM. H. MARTIN, Sole Proprietor

FREDERICK HESS, Sole Authorized Agent.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having recently purchased the "SILVER MOUNTAIN GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS," formerly owned by John Digel, I will continue the business, and in addition to his famous "SILVER MOUNTAIN GRANITE," which has withstood the elements for a century without mossing, crumbling or defacing, and which has proved itself the most durable, as well as desirable, stone for monumental purposes, I will add to his usual stock—

Scotch Granite,
Gray Granite,
Pebbled Granite,

And the now famous

Red Granite,

from the quarries on the coast of Maine.

I will do all manner of Marble Work that parties may desire, either in American Italian or Antique Marbles.

To all parties ordering at the shop, I will give ten per cent. discount from list price.

I have arranged with parties in Boston for granite polishing, am therefore able to give prices that cannot be duplicated in any granite or marble work.

☞ Call and see us, get our prices and compare the work.

SMETHPORT, May 1, 1885. tf

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan' 2, 1885-tf.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 13, 1884.

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1885. 9-ly

BRICK DRUG STORE!

No. 47 Main Street.

Constantly on hand the Largest and Most Complete stock of

Patent Medicines,
Instruments,
Trusses,
Fine Wines & Liquors,
Condition Powders,
Fancy Stationery,
Toilet Sets,
CIGARS, TOBACCO,

And a General Supply of Everything Found in a First-Class Drug and Fancy Store.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded Day and Night.

Dr's Freeman and Wells Office in Store.

H. C. WELLS

Smethport, Pa., March 6th, 1885.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. C. HAMLIN,
—DEALER IN
HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,
OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.
JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

☞ Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not Lower than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

Hotel for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the property known as the "Exchange Hotel," located at the McKean & Buffalo depot, East Smethport, Pa. The house is well furnished, has bar and fixtures and everything in first-class order. Will be sold at a bargain, to the right parties. For particulars call on or address,

J. H. Bowers, East Smethport, Pa.

33-tf.

F. C. OLDS,

At his store in

FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.

is prepared to supply his customers with

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

Crockery, and all other goods required for keeping soul and body together at figures that will astonish

The Natives!

He keeps on hand always the choicest brands of Flour, Feed, &c., and his Buckwheat can't be beat in the Universe. Smethport people will save money by taking a short ride of four miles over a lovely road and buy their goods for less money than they can buy at home.

Farmers' Valley, Nov. 20, 1884. 48-ly

CALL ON

C. L. DOUGLASS

For Your

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of

SMETHPORT GRIST MILL

Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

F. C. PIERCE,

Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

OFFICE—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf.

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In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boiler, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc. 40

EXECUTORS OF

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Estate, General Dealers in

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GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles

CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

SWEET WORM POWDERS

A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS

Sleepless nights, convulsions and straightening out of the [illegible] in children are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in adults and children. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

When your druggist offers you anything else do not take it, but make him send and get

E. K. THOMPSON'S

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Prepared at Titusville, Pa. Price 25c. Send to any postoffice address on receipt of 25 cents

HAVE YOU A GARDEN!

IF YOU HAVE YOU WILL NEED SEEDS

And we want the Best at the least money. Then my new Seed Catalogue will surprise you. No matter where you have been dealing it will save money. It is mailed Free to all, and you ought to have it before buying anywhere.

WM. H. MAULE,

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FOR SALE!

Clydesdale Stallions and Galloway Cattle. The best in America. All from renowned Sires in Scotland. All registered and pedigrees furnished. Prices Low and Terms Easy.

Address,

McKAY BROS., Brookside Farm, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

STOMACH

BITTERS

In order to enrich the blood, and thus impart fresh vigor to an enfeebled system, stimulate flagging digestion with the national invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, by infusing energy into the operations of the stomach, promotes, nay, insures thorough digestion and assimilation, and consequent nutrition. A gain in appetite, vigor and flesh, is invariably found to follow a course of this deservedly popular tonic, which is moreover, a reliable preventive of malarial fevers. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Steam Engines, [illegible]

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR HOLIDAY TRADE!

A LARGE STOCK OF LADIES' AND GENTS'

FINE SLIPPERS!

New & Desirable Styles & Patterns

Also for

BOYS, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

AND A FULL LINE OF

HIGH TOP SHOES,

For Young People and Ladies' Wear.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

No Shoddy in any of my Goods.

Buy Useful Presents in Boots and Shoes of

G. A. GROVES,

NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD PA.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF VASELINE (PETROLEUM JELLY.)

One Ounce bottles reduced from 15 cts. to 10 cents.
Two Ounce bottles reduced from 25 cts. to 15 cents.
Five Ounce bottles reduced from 50 cts. to 25 cents.
The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.
Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

H. W. RUBIN,

DEALER IN

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment

Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Main Street. SMETHPORT, PA

THE CELEBRATED WOOTON DESKS.

WOOTON CABINET OFFICE SECRETARY

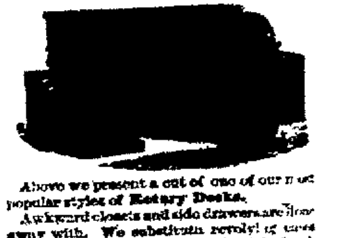
A Miniature Counting House.

110 COMPARTMENTS

All Under One Lock and Key.

60 PIGEON HOLES.

Right Wing Filled With our Patent Filing Boxes.



Above we present a cut of one of our most popular styles of Rotary Desks.

Awkward closets and side drawers are done away with. We substitute revolving cases which swing with a slight touch of the hand, and are thus enabled to furnish double the space that is generally given on the ends. Everybody delighted with them.

We produce a great variety of desks on the above principle. Send 6 cent stamp for details.

HAYNES, SPENCER & CO.,

Richmond, Ind., U. S. A.

C SPRING CART CO.

[illegible]

Cut shows No. 2 ready to get into.

Wholesale Manufacturers of

Two-Wheeled Vehicles, Easy [illegible]

BUCKBOARDS, Best Make.

TEN STYLES OF HARNESS.

Folding Scotch Harrows with Handles, Foley's Pat. Adjustable Auger Handles, [illegible] GOOD PROFIT. AGENTS WANTED. All Goods Warranted. Do not forget to write for Prices and Catalogue.

CASTORIA

for

Infants and Children

What gives our Children rosy cheeks,
What cures their fevers, makes them sleep;
Castoria.
When Babies fret, and cry by turns,
What cures their colic, kills their worms,
Castoria.
What quickly cures Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Colds, Indigestion;
Castoria.
Farewell then to Morphine Syrups,
Castor Oil and Paregoric, and
Hail Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to Children that I recommend it as superior to any medicine known to me."—H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton St., N. Y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An instantaneous Pain-reliever.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

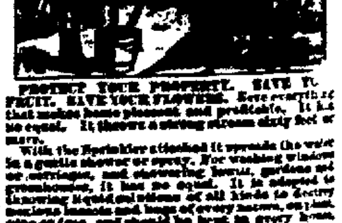
[illegible]

FERNANDO B. SMITH'S

PATENT SPRINKLER

—AND—

Novelty Force Pump.



PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY. SAVE YOUR FRUIT. SAVE YOUR FLOWERS. Save everything that makes home pleasant and profitable. It has no equal. It throws a strong stream sixty feet or more.

With the Sprinkler attached it spreads the water in a gentle shower or spray. For washing windows or carriages, and showering houses, gardens and greenhouses, it has no equal. It is adapted to throwing liquid solutions of all kinds to destroy noxious insects and bugs of every name, on plant, vine or tree, and should be kept in every house, store and factory in the country as a protection against fires.—Sold by Traveling Agents.

Send for circulars and price list.

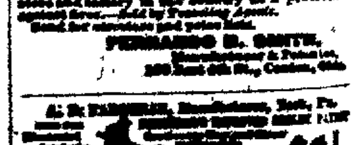
FERNANDO B. SMITH,

Manufacturer & Patentee,

[illegible], Canton, Ohio.

A. B. FARQUHAR, Manufacturer, York, Pa.

[illegible]



Steam Engines and Saw Mills a Specialty.

GOOD NEWS TO LADIES.

[illegible]

MEN AND WOMEN AGENTS WANTED

To sell choice Nursery Stock. The finest new Grapes, Roses, Vines and Trees. No inferior goods sold. Applicants must give first-class references as to character. Good Salary and Expenses Paid. Outfit free. No experience needed.

JAMES E. WHITNEY, (NURSERYMAN,) Rochester, N. Y.

☞ Name this paper.

THE BIGGEST HUMBUG OUT

[illegible]

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

[illegible]

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., June 26, 1885.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible] on your paper shows the time to [illegible]
[illegible] want the address of your paper changed, [illegible] the old address as well as the new one.
[illegible] want your paper stopped, pay arrears [illegible] you will continue liable if the [illegible] to you whether you take it from [illegible] not.
[illegible] not get the paper regularly let us [illegible] We send every man's paper every week, [illegible] with the mails when not re-[illegible]

OUR BRADFORD AGENT.

[illegible] MULLIN, Esq., is our author[ized] agent in the city of Bradford [illegible] subscriptions left with him or any orders for advertising in the MINER [will] receive prompt attention.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

[illegible]

[illegible] from the deep-mouthed city,
[Into] the sweet vernal air,
[Out] from the thousand houses
That ring in a sudden blare,
Into the cool of the mountain,
[Out] from the armourer's glare,
[illegible] with patient wait
[illegible] by pain and care.
No sound of glad rejoicing
[illegible] hundreds stand
[Along] the darkened windows
[illegible] a silent band
And seek the recognition
Of eye or waving hand,
For, lo, they know, in [illegible] now
Who gave to them command.
Out from the deep-mouthed city,
Into the sweet-voiced air,
The cautious wheels, slowly driven,
The nation's patient bear,
Out from the throbbing city
Into the meadows fair,
[illegible] with patient wait
While rises many a prayer.
—Columbus (Ohio) Dispatch.

Civil court this week.

Cut the grass along the walks.

The Smethport hose carriage is in [illegible] receiving a coat of paint.

Post 141, G. A. R., of Bradford, will celebrate the 4th at Foster Brook Park, so says the *Era*.

All looked for frost during the cold nights of the past week but none doing any damage has yet visited this section.

The cases with which the time of the court has been occupied this week have been stubbornly fought by opposing counsel.

A writer from Wilcox in the Ridgway *Democrat* is authority for the statement that the Sargeant Lumber Co., at Sargeant, lost a barn and four horses on Monday night, June 15th, by fire. The origin of the fire is unknown.

All members of the A. O. U. W., who have signed for a charter of Select Knights, as well as members who desire to join the organization, are requested to meet in Workmen Hall on Tuesday evening next at 8 o'clock.

Everybody and their sweethearts are invited to attend the "Grand Ball" of the Smethport Hose Co. at the Skating rink on Friday evening, July 3d. That a glorious time is in store for all who do attend, there can be no question.

A Georgia paper says, "at one of the colored churches in this county the brethren were surprised at the shortness of the contributions, but their wonder ceased when they discovered that one of the collectors had fair in the top of his hat."

Past D. D. G. M. Wheeler and D. D. G. M. Thompson of this district, visited McKean Lodge, No. 388, on Wednesday evening last. There was a very large attendance, and the Lodge was greatly benefited by the instruction received from these gentlemen.

The citizens of Olean are bound that their demonstration on the Fourth shall eclipse all former efforts in that line. As nothing will be going on in Smethport why not give our enterprising N. Y. neighbors a benefit? Let's all go. The fare on the B. N. Y. & P. will be at half rates.

The Renovo people propose, as a feature of their Fourth of July celebration, to stretch a wire from the mountain tops on each side of the valley in which their town is located, and suspend the stars and stripes from the wire. The valley is narrow and the mountain on one side is 900 feet high and on the other [illegible].

Mr. Perkins writes us from Big Shanty, that the change for holding caucus from Alton to Lafayette Corners in Lafayette township was agreed to in the county convention last year. There is but little doubt that the caucus should be held at Lafayette Corners, and it is to be hoped it will be held there without controversy.

Rev. Bradley very wisely decided to have services in the Methodist church the coming Sabbath. Undoubtedly some members of the congregation might wish to attend the camp meeting, but there are others who would find it impossible to leave home for a day, and they should not be deprived of their usual Sabbath day services.

Bayne's writer in the *Era* starts in with one of his latest as follows:

Bradford is not what she was.
[illegible] and Rochburg have joined the "blue [illegible]" club.
[illegible] makes a crowd in Warren, while [illegible] a religious post bole.

The four lines contain little sentiment but a great deal of sad truth to the dwellers in the declining towns referred to.

Smethport Hose No. 1, yesterday morning, forwarded to Kane Hose Co. No. 5, of Olean, a beautiful present in the shape of a badge, which was worked in satin and plush by Mrs. J. W. Reilly. It is about 11 inches long and 4 wide, and on its face is worked in gold the words "Souvenir—1885—Smethport Hose Co., No. 1." The present cannot but be highly appreciated by the Kane Hose boys.

The city of Bradford is having any amount of trouble with her new water works. At a meeting of the councils on Monday evening last, Geo. T. Keith, the constructing engineer, was severely censured, and the city solicitor was authorized to employ Hon. M. F. Elliott as assistant counsel to defend the city in its suit with the contractors who built the water works, for the balance they claim due them.

A local paper tells a good, and we hope therefore a true, story of Bob Ingersoll and Secretary Lamar. Bob called at the interior department and asked for the secretary. "De sectary am occupied, sah," with members and senatahs only. Won't see nobody else, sah," said the colored messenger at the door. Bob waited for a moment with his hands in his pockets. Then he pulled out a half dollar and dropped it into the janitor's hand after giving a few whispered instructions. A moment later the messenger walked into the secretary's room, where a large number of senators and members were assembled, and addressed the secretary: "Mr. Secretary, Mr. Bob Ingersoll am at de doah. He says he understands that dis am de time when you won't see any but members and senatahs, an' he wants to know when you receive gentlemens." "Show the Colonel in," said Mr. Lamar.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Jim McKean was in Bradford on Wednesday.

W. P. Weston of Kane is attending court this week.

F. H. Arnold was a guest at the Grand Central on Wednesday.

Dan Keyes of Eldred, was ordered to walk into the jury box this week.

Commissioner Rice is partial to the Wright House for bed and board.

Ex Mayor Brader and wife have been spending a few days at the Grand Central.

C. W. Dickinson and wife of Norwich were guests at the Wright House this week.

Mrs. Ray, wife of our accomplished tonsorial artist, is visiting a sister at Kane.

W. J. Colegrove, Esq. returned from a visit to friends in Bath, N. Y., on Monday last.

Col. J. W. Snow, Bradford's Recorder, has business in a Court just now outside his bailiwick.

Albert and John Brandt, of New York, are here this week answering a summons from Wm. Haskell.

F. E. Rankin of Eldred, gave us a few minutes of his time this week very much to our edification.

Our old and esteemed friend, James Hoop, of Lafayette township, was on our streets on Wednesday.

Mr. Herbert Gates and his sister Ida, from Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting the family of Judge Hamlin.

W. R. Weaver of the firm of L. Emery, Jr. & Co., was entertained at the Wright House on Wednesday.

C. L. Wheeler of Bradford was a juryman this week. He and Mrs. Wheeler have been guests at the Wright House.

Miss Eugenia Hamlin returned from school at Geneva, N. Y., on Monday last accompanied by her sister, Miss Emma Hamlin.

Mrs. Thos. McDowell of Port Allegany and Mrs. H. L. Simpson of Jackson, Ohio, daughters of Hon. A. M. Benton, were visiting friends in town this week.

F. H. Foster, of Youngstown, Ohio, who assisted in instituting McKean Lodge, 388, and P. F. Hallock of Meadville are guests at the Grand Central.

His many friends will be glad to learn of the return of Geo. Berry, Esq., from Warren to his home in Bradford, in greatly improved health.

Frank Scoby, the popular B. B. & K. conductor, is spending his holidays in making a tour of the west and south. He will be gone about six weeks.

Among the prominent attorneys attending court from abroad this week are C. C. Thompson of Warren, J. D. Hancock of Franklin and Chas. McCandless of Butler.

J. Henry Cochran.

This week our esteemed townsman, J. Henry Cochran and family move to Williamsport, Pa., where they will reside in the future. For years Mr. Cochran has been one of Cameron county's best and most prominent citizens, and his departure will be keenly felt by all the people of this place, perhaps more especially by those whose wants and necessities his generous and helping hand has so frequently relieved. Mr. Cochran came to Cameron county first in 1860 and engaged in lumbering operations on Hicks run, in company with his brother, Hon. J. W. Cochran. Under the indomitable energy and great executive ability, combined with unusual business foresight and sagacity, their business has rapidly grown from a modest beginning until today the firm of J. W. Cochran & Bro. rank with the highest in the United States and the name is a synonym of honor and integrity. He has always been ready and willing at all times to give a helping hand and heart to all enterprises. While we regret very much his loss from among us, we join with our citizens in wishing him a pleasant life in his new home among the people of Williamsport. They gain what we loose, and he and the family one and all, leave behind many warm friends who will remember their associations with Mr. Cochran and family, as being very pleasant and agreeable.—Driftwood *Gazette*.

Children's Day.

For a number of reasons the day set apart for childrens' day throughout the country—the 14th of June—was not adopted by the Methodist church of this place. The exercises were postponed until last Sabbath evening, and were exceedingly interesting. The altar was beautifully decorated with flowers, and the church was filled with an appreciative audience. The children occupied the front seats and behaved remarkably well considering the length of the service. The singing under the direction of Prof. Seaton was excellent. Supt. Gleason led the services while Rev. Bradley made every effort to keep the children well in hand, and all must admit that he succeeded admirably.

Going To Harrisburg.

At a meeting of the bar held on Tuesday evening last, the following named gentlemen were selected as a committee to visit Harrisburg and confer with the governor, as to the importance of having an additional law judge in this judicial district for a few years to come: Hon. R. Brown of Warren, Hon. M. F. Elliot of Wellsboro, Hon. Robert H. Rose and Maj. Jno. C. Backus of this place and J. H. McClure, Esq., of Bradford. Hon. B. D. Hamlin was selected as a member of the committee, but he thought he would not be able to attend. The governor has not yet fixed the day for a hearing.

Borough School.

The borough graded school under the management of Prof. McGowan, will close its spring term to-day. The certificates of graduation will be presented this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The school has never experienced a more successful year than the past. The rolls of the several departments have carried the names of 251 pupils, and the average attendance has been 91 per cent. It is seldom so high a per centage is kept up in any school. Universal interest in their studies has been shown by the pupils, which speaks highly for the teachers. The fall term will open about the middle of September.

The "Even Star."

We are glad to welcome to our table once more the Evening *Star* of Bradford. It looks very much as though Mr. Barbour had perfected arrangements by which he could devote his whole time to his paper, and if such is the case the community can depend upon a live, readable sheet. With Mr. Barbour in charge of the editorial columns and Mr. R. E. Whitley of the business management, the paper ought to prove a success at the popular price of two cents. We believe it will.

Grand Army Day.

Considering that so little time had been taken to advertise the annual camp fire of G. A. R. Post 247, there was a fine attendance both afternoon and evening. The ball was really a grand success, the immense floor of the rink being at times filled with dancers. The net receipts to the Post were nearly $50. The exercises in the afternoon were full of interest. The Post formed in line at the entrance to Backus Hall, under command of Post Commander J. C. Backus. They were followed by a number of "Sherman's Bummers" on horseback. Accompanied by the Smethport cornet band the Post marched to Church street, up Church to King, up King to Marvin, down Marvin to Main, and down Main to the rink. Two long tables had been spread in the rink, on which a bounteous supply of baked pork and beans, sandwiches and coffee were found, of which the members of the Post, the "Bummers" and the band, with their wives, sisters and sweethearts partook with a relish. The next order of proceedings was the announcement of toasts, and responses thereto, as follows:

"Our Soldiers," by W. J. Milliken.

"Smethport Hose Co.," by Sheridan Gorton.

"The Press," by L. Rogers.

"The Grand Army," by J. H. McQuaid.

"National Patriotism," by Maj. John C. Backus.

"Sherman's Bummers," by Jim Howard.

"The Bucktails," by Col. S. D. Freeman.

Our Prothonotary, J. M. McElroy, Esq., sang some of his best patriotic airs, in his best style. Silas Rush and A. H. Peirce assisted very materially in the song "Marching through Georgia."

The speeches were generally good. Messrs. Milliken, Gorton, McQuaid and Backus, displaying unusual eloquence on the subjects assigned them. Col. Freeman, in a conversational tone gave a very interesting sketch of the origin of the "Bucktails," and Jim Howard a humorous recital of the manner in which the bummers kept their commissary in meat while traveling from Atlanta to the sea.

The veterans of the Grand Army have reason to congratulate themselves on their annual camp fire resulting so successfully. Hereafter there should be at least a month's notice given, which would bring in comrades from every section of the county to join in the festivities. A week or ten days notice does not give time enough for other Posts to consider the question of coming.

CORYVILLE COLLECTIONS.

Charles Pendleton has two children sick with typhoid fever.

A son of Adelbert Whitman, of Stulltown, is very low with dyptheria, the disease having passed into the most malignant form.

H. W. Hubbard, Esq., is manufacturing staves this season of all lengths, short enough for a paint keg, and long and heavy enough for oil barrels and hogs heads.

Mr. Hills is again perambulating around after having both hands trimmed of thumbs and some fingers while sawing and jointing staves for Mr. Hubbard. The last trimming was caused by the centrifugal force of the saw being too great for the centripetal, causing the saw to fly to pieces, and scatter about the mill like chips in a whirlwind.

The Frisbee saw mill is cutting lumber as of old. Stock this season is furnished by G. W. Rose; sending from one to ten cars loaded nearly every day.

"Grandma" Moody, after being confined to her bed for about five weeks, is thought to be recovering, and her friends will rejoice to see her happy face again moving among her children, grand-children and great grand-children, which will number about four score individuals.

Rev. H. H. Barber, of Rixford, delivered a very interesting lecture to an attentive audience on Friday night last at the Coryville church upon the deleterious effects of the use of strong drink upon the human system, and strange to say he neither condemned or applauded any political faction, but treated the use of alcoholic drinking as one great evil and a dark stain upon the escutcheon of our beloved country.

The camp meeting at Larrabee bids fair to be one of interest and usefulness. The grounds are nicely laid out on an eminence overlooking the Allegany river, and great effort has been made to make everything comfortable and convenient for those who may attend. S. D. Bingerland has a large tent in readiness to feed those who come not otherwise provided for, and also several beds, for any that wish to remain over night to participate in the services. ***

Coryville, Pa., June 24, 1885.

Wedding at Kane.

A large number of invited guests assembled at the residence of the bride's parents on Wednesday afternoon, June 17th, to witness the marriage of Wm. C. Russell, Esq., of Kane, to Miss Gertrude E. Long, daughter of E. W. Long, Esq., of the same place. The ceremony was impressively performed by the Rev. M. Negley of Wilcox, Dr. G. H. Preston acting as best man.

The bestowal of tasteful and costly presents left little to be desired in that regard on the part of the bride and groom, and to these were supplemented a host of congratulations and best wishes of the guests who accompanied the party to the train. The Warren band was on hand and joined the hearty farewells with a serenade.

Among the guests were J. D. Leonard and wife, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Kemp, Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Coleman, Joshua Davis and wife, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Griffith, C. V. Gillis and wife of Kane, A. W. Russell, Jr., of Philadelphia, M. Brown, of the Erie *Observer*, W. P. Eckels, A. G. Jones and wife, J. W. Griffith, of Warren, Miss Kincaid and numerous others.

Mr. Russell is an active young business man, the son of Pay Director A. W. Russell U. S. N., and is deserving of all manner of success and happiness in his new relations in life.

Changed Hands.

During the week ending June 20th, the transfers of real estate and assignments of leases in this county were quite brisk. From T. F. Richmond's *Court Record* we copy those where the purchase money exceeds $1600:

James C. Cochran to John H. Logan—Lease, Bradford city	$1,500
E. Strong, et. al. to H. H. Brandt—Lease, Keating township	5,000
B. Kirby West to Jas. D. Hanford et. al.—Lease, Bradford twp	9,100
Allen & Barbour to Star Pub. Co.—Lease and Bill of Sale, Bradford city	5,300
C. N. Shipman to A. D. Beck, et. al.—Lease, Bradford twp	3,500
Wm. Beach to W. W. Bell—Lease, Bradford twp	2,336
Wm. Crosack & wife to Henry E. Koester—Deed, Otto twp	2,500
P. T. Poole to J. D. Downing—Deed, Eldred twp	3,000
M. J. Tucker to L. R. Shaw—Lease Bradford twp	2,400
C. A. Allen to F. D. Wood—Lease	4,700

A Ducking.

Frank Taylor, the genial host of the Grand Central, has had considerable bad luck lately in losing pigs, quite a number having come to an untimely end in a somewhat singular manner. He concluded a few days ago, that he would visit his pens, which were on an island in Marvin Creek, and if he found any of the pigs in delicate health he would make an effort to cure them. Arming himself with a half dozen bottles of the extract of hops, and taking along as counsel, Lawyer Milliken, he proceeded to the hog rendezvous. Arriving at the bank of the majestic stream, the landlord yanked a boat out from under the willows, which for size was very well adapted as a plaything for children, but not calculated to carry two men. At least so thought the counsellor, who protested against embarking in so frail a craft. The persuasive eloquence of the landlord finally overcome the scruples of the attorney and he jumped aboard. Taylor followed with the oars in his hands, which for proportions were scarcely respectable paddles. After taking their respective positions, Taylor struck out, and they spun over to the island, at the rate of a rod a minute, without meeting with any mishaps. They found the pigs in reasonably good health, the counsellor giving an opinion that they would hardly require any medical attention that day. The hop-juice, or that portion which had not evaporated, was re deposited in the bottom of the boat, and again the couple embarked for the north shore, but not without many misgivings on the part of the counsellor as to the ability of the craft carrying them safely over. No sooner had they reached the middle of the stream, than Milliken observed that the boat was headed up stream, and some little distance away and on the opposite bank stood Chester Sartwell and another man watching them. They had not proceeded far before Taylor gave a sudden lurch, and over the boat went depositing its contents including the medicine in water of eight or ten feet in depth. The host and his guest both sunk to the bottom but there was wind enough aboard to soon bring them to the surface, when they blowed and snorted like porpoises. Both being expert swimmers they soon reached the bank, in a somewhat drooping but not altogether despondent condition. Taylor had succeeded in securing the boat and after righting it up urged Milliken to return with him to the point where they first embarked. But no, the attorney had received all the impromptu baths he was inclined to take in one day, and he refused to get aboard the boat. He immediately repaired to his residence, and soon after appeared on the streets in dry clothes, serene and apparently happy over his afternoon's experience. The landlord took his boat back to its moorings, returned to his hotel and was soon re invested in dry apparel. Among the friends of the two parties, the question is frequently asked, "what part of the programme miscarried?"

Court Proceedings.

The following are some of the cases disposed of this week

B. Dikeman and A. T. Newell vs. the B. B. & K. R. R. Co. Verdict for plaintiffs for $500 and costs.

L. D. Johnson vs. O. B. & W. R. R. Co. Discontinued by plaintiff, by leave of Court.

John Fergurson vs. J. P. Abbott. Verdict for plaintiff for $94.80.

Appeal of J. W. Beacom, treasurer of school board of Lafayette township, from auditor's report. Directed to be filed.

On petition to lay out road in Bradford and Foster townships, the following viewers were appointed: P. L. Webster, surveyor, Wm. Curtis, H. Ross, G. W. Kelly, A. M. Strong, G. Story.

On petition to lay out road from Carpenter Brook road to township line, the following viewers were appointed: Wm. C. Smith, surveyor, A. K. Fowler, R. Dennis, Michael Doyle, Heber Cook, W. Windsor.

L. L. Foster and Rhoda Ann Foster vs. G. H. Graff. Feigned issue. Verdict in favor of defendant, as per stipulation of counsel.

Granger & Co. vs. J. Flynn and Joseph Flynn, doing business as Flynn Bros. Motion for judgment for want of appearance. Granted.

H. B. Vincent vs. A. B. Armstrong, et. al. Plaintiffs bond in $400 approved.

L. A. Freeman, by her next friend, F. N. Taylor, vs. S. D. Freeman. In Equity. Bill filed and rule to show cause why preliminary injunction should not issue. Returnable July 15th.

James Cassada and wife in right of wife vs. R. Sartwell, high sheriff. Verdict for plaintiffs of $175 and costs.

Struthers, Wells & Co. vs. H. J. Hammond. Verdict for plaintiffs of $381 and costs.

Cogswell & Son for F. S. Messner vs. N. Lazarus. Verdict for plaintiff of $156 and costs.

Court is still in session this (Thursday) afternoon.

Try It.

A friend has handed us the following recipe for annihilating potato bugs: Five pounds copperas and five pounds slacked lime which dissolve in hot water. When dissolved add 20 gallons of water. Sprinkle on your potato vines with a brush or broom, and the following morning look for the bugs.

Portville Scorched.

On Saturday last Portville was visited by a very destructive fire. Stores, dwellings, stables, the Masonic and G. A. R. Halls, postoffice, and in fact about the whole town went up in smoke. It was of incendiary origin, and parties are now under arrest who are supposed to be the guilty ones.

W. C. T. U.

The following resolutions were passed by the W. C. T. U. of Ceres, at their regular meeting, June 10th, 1885:

WHEREAS, At the late court of Quarter Sessions of McKean county, the Hon. H. Hamlin granted no license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in our township, though there was a strong pressure brought to bear, to induce him to do so,

Resolved, That the W. C. T. U. return him their thanks not only in their own behalf, but for all good citizens, and especially for the women and children who are thereby protected from much of the evil that would have resulted from the open sale.

Resolved, That as temperance workers we will strive to build up a temperance sentiment that shall sustain our judges in all righteous decisions, and advance the time when our county shall no longer be a reproach because of its crime and pauperism, but shall be honored for the "righteousness that exalteth a nation."

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to Judge Hamlin.

M. KING, Pres't. MRS. H. A. ROSE, Sec'y.

Ceres, Pa., June 19, 1885.

Healthful Vigor for the Girls.

Mrs. Livermore says in one of her lectures on Girls, "I would give to girls equal intellectual and industrial training with boys. Yes, and give them equally good health, too." When your girls are suffering from paleness and debility, it is a sign that they need Brown's Iron Bitters. The only preparation of iron that can be taken safely. Miss Barton, of Chestnut street, Louisville, Ky., says, "Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of rheumatism when everything else had failed."

ROUGH ON CATARRH. Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases, also unequaled as gargle for diptheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

CATARRH of the bladder. Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints, cured by Buchupaiba. $1.

AN INTERESTING LETTER

From Mr. Harry W. Olmstead, Proofreader of "The Times."

The following letter is encouraging and worthy of careful perusal, coming, as it does, from so reliable a source, unsolicited. It contains facts of great value:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 12, 1884.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY, Rondout, N. Y.

DEAR SIR:—For ten years I have been a sufferer from disease of the kidneys, at times so much so as to make life a burden. During this time several of the best physicians in Indiana have treated me with little or no success, until I had almost despaired of relief. I then tried several advertised remedies, but nothing produced the desired result until a friend who had been relieved induced me to give DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY a trial. I did so. After taking one bottle I began to experience relief. I took another and was charmed with the result. In all, I have taken four bottles, and can truly say I feel like a new man. I am confident I am entirely cured, as it has been several months since I took the last medicine, and there is no indication of a return of the disease. I have recommended your remedy to several suffering friends who have also been relieved. I write this to return my sincere thanks to you for the cure which has been effected in my case, and also desire to say I think suffering humanity owes you a debt of gratitude for your wonderful scientific discovery. I shall do all that in me lies to let all sufferers know where they may find relief, and thereby in some measure remunerate you for the good you have done me.

Wishing you long life and prosperity, and thanking you for prolonging my life, I am,

HARRY W. OLMSTEAD.

Dr. Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., assures the public, by a reputation which he cannot afford to forfeit or imperil, that the "Favorite Remedy" does invigorate the blood, cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder complaints, as well as those diseases and weaknesses peculiar to females. Your druggist has it. If not, send One Dollar to Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

For Rent.

The Hotel Building located at Hamlin Station on the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. (Clermont Branch.) Building in good locality and excellent repair. Also a Blacksmith Shop for rent at same place, with good set of tools. Terms reasonable. Enquire of
MRS. JOHN DIGEL,
or E. L. KEENAN,
Smethport, Pa.
13-tf.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

MASON is closing out his heavy hardware *at cost*.

Attention, Farmers!

I shall sell this season two kinds of mowing machines—the Rawson, No. 5, and the "Boss," manufactured at Corning, N. Y. Both machines are warranted first-class. The price for either will be $50.
M. A. SPRAGUE.
Smethport, Pa., June 10, '85.—tf.

PLANT-PROTECTORS at Mason's. Only 40 cents per dozen.

Thin People. "Well's Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, headache, nervousness, debility. $1.

ICE CREAM at the Bakery in Picard Block Saturday afternoon.

"It fairly Wearies me to Think of the multitude of things advertised to cure disease," you say. No wonder. But in the mountain of chaff there are grains of golden wheat. We may find it difficult to induce you to test the merits of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, but, when you have done so, our work is ended. Afterwards you and this medicine will be fast friends. Favorite Remedy would have died out long ago except for its real usefulness. But it is good and does good. Jun 5,1m.

CASH paid for wool at W. D. Gallup's.

CALL at the Bakery for Ice Cream by the dish, quart, or gallon. Orders for Parties, etc., a specialty.

Worse Than Heathen.

Are those parents who allow their children to suffer with Worms when 25 cents will buy a box of Parmelee's Santonine Worm Candies which will immediately cure the child and remove the worms by dissolving them. Do you know the symptoms? Peevishness, Sudden Starting in Sleep, bad breath, great desire for food day and night. Be wise and leave nothing to regret. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

Reputation of a Standard Article

Is seldom injured by surreptitious rivalry. Imitators of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have not only lost money by attempting underhand competition with it, but have actually contributed to enhance the estimation in which the genuine medicine is held. The public at large has for many years been acquainted with the ear marks that distinguish the real from the spurious, and cannot be persuaded that other articles sold in a somewhat similar guise are equally good. Fever and ague, constipation, dyspepsia and liver complaint are not curable by cheap local bitters, eye openers and tonics, but the fact is too well proven and too generally known to admit of conscientious dispute, that for these and other maladies the great household medicine is a safe and thorough remedy. Not only in the United States, but in Mexico, South America and the West Indies, its merits are widely recognized and its reputation too firmly established to be shaken. May 29, 1m.

HATS and bonnets of the latest styles can be found at Mrs. Nash's.

When Baby was sick, we gave her CASTORIA
When she was a Child, she cried for CASTORIA
When she became Miss, she clung to CASTORIA
When she had Children, she gave them CASTORIA

$50 goes if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corks, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by H. C. Wells. Price 50 cts.

Land For Sale.

I have Two Thousand acres of valuable timber lands for sale, situate in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pa., known as the Wiggan Warrants, Nos. 2375 and 2470. All minerals, gas, etc. reserved. D. A. Easterbrook, Esq., of Smethport, will show the lands to parties wishing to purchase. For further particulars address JOSEPH HOUSLER,
Emporium, or Lock Haven, Pa.
13-tf.

TONIC Laxative Horse Powders, the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder in the market, put up in tin cans. Price 25 cts. Sold by H. C. Wells.

Ask for Well's "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Rough on Pain" Porused Plaster; strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

As heretofore particular attention will be given to our millinery department, as I have made arrangements by which I will receive goods in that line every few days, and be constantly posted on all the leading styles in hats and bonnets.
MRS. NASH.

WHITE Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment, for hard and feverish hoof. Sold by H. C. Wells. Price 50 cts.

THIN people. Wells' Health Renewer restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

ROUGH on pain. Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 20 c. Rough on Pain Plasters, 15c.

MOTHERS. If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use Wells' Health Renewer. $1. Druggists.

LIFE preserver. If you are losing your grip on life, try Wells' Health Renewer. Goes direct to weak spots.

ROUGH on piles. Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 50 c. Druggists.

PRETTY Women. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity. Don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

ROUGH on itch. Rough on itch cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

WATER bugs, roaches. Rough on rats, clears them out, also beetles, ants.

"ROUGH ON CORNS."—Ask for Wells' Rough on Corns. 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Take Notice.

In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pennsylvania.

SAMUEL F. HENDERSHOT, vs. CORNELIA ANN HENDERSHOT,	No. 181, February Term, 1885, Libel in Divorce.

To Cornelia Ann Hendershot, the above named respondent, take notice: That I have been appointed Commissioner to take testimony in the above case and will attend to the duties of my appointment on Friday, the 10th day of July, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., at office of J. K. Wallace, Esq., No. 4 Main street in the city of Bradford, at which time and place you can attend if you think proper.
JOHN B. SHAWLEY, Commissioner.
June 23d, 1885—3t.

Financial Statement

Of Smethport School District for year ending June 1st, 1885.

SCHOOL FUND.
J. C. BACKUS, Treasurer.
DR.

To bal due from collector Gorton, tax audit	$ 259 41	
Minus a credit shown on secretary's book, page 36,	30 11	
	219 30	
To cash received from collector Gorton	73 96	73 96
	145 34	
To collector Gorton's fee of 5 per cent. on $73 96	3 69	
To bal still due from collector Gorton	141 65	141 65
To duplicate for school year '85	2098 05	
To amt thereof collected by treasurer Backus	1889 55	1889 55
To residue placed in hands of collector Smith	1107 30	
To which the board added 5 per cent.	55 42	
	1163 92	
To cash paid to treasurer Backus by collector Smith	800 00	800 00
	363 92	
To collector Smith's fee of 5 per cent. on $800 00	40 00	
	323 92	
To exonerations allowed collector Smith	127 25	
To bal still in hands due from collector Smith	196 67	196 67
To state appropriations.		207 97
To cash received for tuition		121 50
		$3431 30
To bal due from collector Gorton	141 65	
To bal due from collector Smith	196 67	
To bal due from treasurer Backus	334 10	
To bal due from collector Burlingame	246 30	918 72
RESOURCES.		
The balance above set forth	918 72	
Contra CR.		
By discount allowed on $1889 55 of duplicate at 5 per cent.		94 47
By orders paid as follows:		
For repairs, carpenter work, painting, mason work, etc.	491 57	
For wood, coal and water	201 04	
For secretary Gleason	35 00	
" " Keenan	52 74	
" sundries to secretaries and school	159 16	
For notary fees in matter of Darling bequest	23 16	
For salary of Prof. McGowan	700 00	
" " " Miss Barbour	280 00	
" " " " Fox	280 00	
" " " " Kidder	160 00	
" " " " C. S. Brace	60 00	
" janitor	110 00	
" printing	36 50	
" telegraphing	1 00	2312 17
To treasurers com. of 2 per cent. on $2612 17		52 24
To bal due from collector Gorton		141 65
To bal due from collector Smith		196 67
To bal due from Treas. Backus		334 10
		3431 30

And now, June 19, 1885, having examined the accounts and vouchers pertaining to the School Fund for school year 1885, we do find the balance due the fund as set forth, viz.: total $918 72.
JOHN FORREST, T. F. RICHMOND, Aud'rs.

Statement of Bond Fund of Smethport School District for year ending June 1st, 1885.

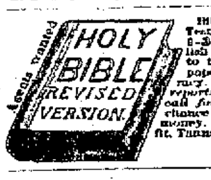
J. C. BACKUS, Treasurer.
DR.

To bal due from collector Gorton's last audit	$ 172 72	
To minus credit shown on secretary's book, page 36	140 80	
	31 92	
To cash rec'd from collector Gorton	21 13	21 13
	10 79	
To collector Gorton's fee of 5 per cent. on $21 13	1 05	
To bal due from collector Gorton	9 74	9 74
To bal due from treasurer Backus' audit		88 63
		$110 50
No bond tax levied 1885		
To bal due from collector Gorton	9 74	
To bal due from treasurer Backus	109 76	
To bal due from collector Burlingame	183 22	302 72
RESOURCES.		
Bal due as above	302 72	
Bal due from collector Gorton		9 74
" " " treas Backus		109 76
" " " col Burlingame		183 22
		302 72
LIABILITIES.		
Outstanding bonds, 10, of $100 each, (and interest)	1000 00	

And now, June 19, 1885, having examined the accounts pertaining to the Bond Fund for the school year, 1885, we do find the balance due the fund as above set forth viz.: total $302 72.
JOHN FORREST, T. F. RICHMOND, Aud'rs.

Smethport, Pa., June 26, '85.—4t.

SELWYN HALL READING, PENN.
A thorough preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. Boys of any age admitted. Send for catalogue, terms, etc.
L. C. BISHOP, Head Master, Reading, Pa.



Bibles at 1-2 and Old Testaments at less than 1-3 the prices of the English editions, and equal to the English in type, paper, printing and accuracy. First agent sent out reports an order at every call for two weeks. Rare chance for agents to make money. Send $1.00 for outfit. Terms VERY LIBERAL.
L. C. Beach, Meadville, Pa.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING A book of 100 pages. The best book for an advertiser to consult, be he experienced or otherwise. It contains lists of newspapers and estimates of the cost of advertising. The advertiser who wants to spend one dollar, finds in it the information he requires, while for him who will invest one hundred thousand dollars in advertising, a scheme is indicated which will meet his every requirement, or can be made to do so by slight changes easily arrived at by correspondence. 149 editions have been issued. Sent, post-paid, to any address for 10 cents. Write to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU, (10 Spruce St. Printing House Sq.), New York.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the buildings of the McKean County Poor District will be ready for the accommodation of the poor of said district on the first day of July, 1885, and the law requires the Overseers of the Poor of the respective Townships and Boroughs within said district to remove all poor persons entitled to relief to the said Poor House and deliver them to the custody of the superintendent thereof on or immediately after July 1, 1885, and, from and after said July 1, 1885, no expense or help assistance and maintenance of poor persons shall be incurred by such overseers.
By Order of County Commissioners,
JNO. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.

SEASON OF 1885.

TOM WONDER, Jr.

Knowing the wants of all breeders of Good Horses, F. B. Dean has returned from his trip in York State, bringing with him a handsome

CHESTNUT STALLION,

weighing over Eleven Hundred Pounds.

He was sired by the well known fast pacer and trotter Tom Wonder, the fastest horse known at both gaits.

He will be known as TOM WONDER, JR., and can be seen at all times at Dean's Livery Stable, opposite Grand Central Hotel and in the rear of Chetauqua House, where his services can be had on reasonable terms.

For information regarding him, address F. B. DEAN.

Smethport, Pa., April 29, 1885.

AGENTS Wanted for handsome illustrated standard Books & Bibles [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT of the LAFAYETTE SCHOOL BOARD for the Year ending June 1, 1885.

J. W. BEACOM, Treasurer.
DR.

To balance due from collector on duplicate of 1884	$1,343 43	
To five per cent. added to collector's duplicate, 1884	149 65	
To balance due from Bradford township, 1884	68 61	
To amounts received from rents and other sources	34 50	
To amounts received from George Thorne	1 33	
To State appropriation	261 79	
To seated tax duplicate, 1885	4,617 45	
To unseated land tax	8,156 86	
To five per cent. added to collector's duplicate, 1885	143 60	$14,710 21
CR.		
By balance due treasurer on last year's account	255 99	
By five per cent. on $176 07 collected by treasurer in 1884	8 80	
By exonerations on duplicate of 1885	332 03	
By returns to County Commissioners	111 80	
By vouchers—teachers' wages	5,575 09	
repairs	1,364 41	
fuel and contingencies	128 50	
debt and interest	2,235 00	
building and furnishing	1,274 24	
salary secretary and district superintendent	250 00	
necessary expenses, books, &c.	853 33	
By five per cent. on $2,135 47 collected by treasurer	106 77	
By two per cent. on $11,928 19 treasurer's fees	239 77	
By collector's commission, duplicate 1884	148 65	
By bal. in hands of—collector	1,248 57	
treasurer	836 93	$14,710 21

PATRICK MEANEY, Sec'y.
June 18, 1885.—3t.

REMOVED!

SMETHPORT

BAKERY

REMOVED TO

PICARD BLOCK,

MAIN STREET.

Having removed my business from Mechanic Street to Picard Block, Main Street, I am prepared to furnish all my friends and patrons with anything in the line of

BAKING, etc.,

ALL FIRST-CLASS, and in good shape.

I have opened an

ICE CREAM AND LUNCH ROOM

in connection, where you can also get a splendid dish of Ice Cream and an excellent Lunch at moderate rates.

Thankful for past favors and hoping for a fair share of the patronage of the people of Smethport and vicinity in the future, I remain,
Respectfully yours,
GEO. E. WOOD, Agt.
Smethport, June 8, 1885.

Farm For Sale Cheap.

A valuable farm of 142 acres, about 75 or 80 acres improved, with good fruit trees, a fine new house, three barns, one of them being new, is offered for sale on the most reasonable terms. The farm is well watered and fenced and is situated on Marvin Creek in Hamlin township, 8 miles from Smethport, 4 miles from Clermont and 3 miles from the Kinzua viaduct. For terms of sale and prices apply to
W. T. CALLAR, or BACKUS & GORTON.
Smethport, June 4, 1885.—tf.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES,

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

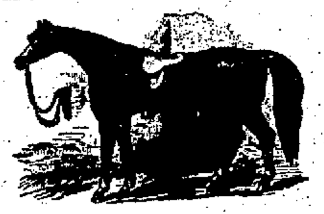
A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

A PRESENT OF $50.00

—TO—

Horsemen and Farmers.



CENTAURINE!

—THE GREAT—

Cleansing and Healing Compound

Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of '65, when product of petroleum was discovered. This is no advertising dodge. The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Recommendations are loud in its praise. It costs you nothing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation, free from any mineral, and has a local reputation with Centaurine. They are put up in tin cans, retaining their medical properties while being used. The only true Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 35 cents per box.

Don't forget our

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great softener of nature in softening the hardened and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these valuable preparations, and if they don't prove as represented, get your present. Price 25 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENEMAN,

Pharmaceutists,

KENDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale at H. C. Well's, Smethport, Pa.

Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned, to-wit:
One team of bay mares,
One team of horses, one bay and one chestnut,
One roan horse,
One bay mare,
One team of bay horses,
One red cow,
A lot of sleds, wagons, harness, hooks, chains, tools, hay and feed, and other equipments used by James Landrigan on the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property, except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited.
RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED.
D. E. CARTWRIGHT, Supt.
Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 30, 1884. 41-tf.

GOOD PAY AGENTS. $100 to $200 per month made selling our Grand New History, Famous and Decisive Battles of the World. Write to J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

TEACHERS Make $70 to $150 per month selling our [illegible] books and Bibles. Steady work for spring and summer. Address, J. C. McCurdy & Co., Phila., Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS

The Best

Meat and Vegetable

MARKET!

—IN—

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO,—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

E. B. McCOY

Druggist & Pharmacist

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

M. A. SPRAGUE'S

HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,

House Furnishnig Goods

SILVERWARE,

Cutlery, Lamps,

Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,

Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and Best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

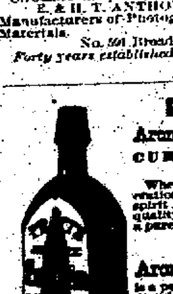
BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

ANYBODY Can now make Photographs by the new Dry Plate Process. For 50 cts. we will send post-paid Roche's Manual for Amateurs, which gives full instructions for making the pictures.
Outfits we furnish from $10. upwards.
Our "PHOTOGRAPHIC BULLETIN," edited by Prof. Chas. F. Chandler, head of the Chemical Department of the School of Mines, Columbia College, published twice a month for only $2 per annum, keeps Photographers, professional or amateur, fully posted on all improvements, and answers all questions when difficulties arise.
Circulars and price lists free.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Apparatus and Materials.
No. 591 Broadway, New York City.
Forty years established in this line of business. 16-1y.



PRATT'S Aromatic Geneva Gin

CURES DISEASED KIDNEYS.

When it is taken into consideration that Gin is the only spirit possessing a medicinal quality other than a stimulant, a pure article is required.

PRATT'S Aromatic Geneva Gin

is a pure Geneva (Swiss) Gin, redistilled with selected buchu leaves, fresh Italian juniper berries, gentian root, &c. It will be found an invaluable remedy and certain cure for Bright's Disease, Stone in Bladder, and all inflammation of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs.

JAMES E. MORRIS, Sole Agent, 165 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.

H. C. WELLS, leading druggist and sole agent for the sale of Pratt's Aromatic Geneva Gin, at Smethport, Pa. apr24-6m

ISLAND HOME

Stock Farm,

Grosse Ile, Wayne Co., Mich.

SAVAGE & FARNUM, PROPRIETORS.

Patriote No. 2850 (1167).

IMPORTED

Percheron Horses.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the French and American stud books.

ISLAND HOME

Is beautifully situated at the head of Grosse Ile in the Detroit River, ten miles below the City, and is accessible by railroad and steamboat. Visitors not familiar with the location may call at city office, 82 Campau Building, and an escort will accompany them to the farm. Send for catalogue, free by mail. Address, SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Portland, Maine.

Miscellaneous.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING!

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

THE OLD STAND-BY!

I have purchased of Messrs. G. R. Moore & Son their livery business and have the Large barn on Water street, and the Summit house barn on Main street, with stalls for fifty horses.

I have replenished the Livery Department and now have one of the

Largest and Best Equipped

STABLES

In McKean County.

With 16 Horses,

New Carriages,

New Harnesses,

And New Robes.

I can furnish my patrons with the best and most complete outfit obtainable in the country. With ample room for

Boarding & Transient Horses.

Also, the nicest rooms in town for storage of Carriages, belonging to my patrons, an abundant supply of Hay and Grain of the choicest quality and trusty men to attend to the wants of all customers, I can assure the public that any business I am favored with will receive prompt and satisfactory attention. All wanting Saddle Horses, Single or Double Rigs, or Team Work are invited to call.

ORDERS BY TELEGRAPH OR TELEPHONE WILL BE ATTENDED TO WITH DISPATCH.

A fair share of patronage is solicited. Office and Headquarters at the

KNAPP BARN,

WATER STREET.

A. T. PALMER.

Smethport, Pa., Jan. 8, '86. tf

JEWELRY

all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

TOYS,

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the world for time [illegible]

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT March 18, 1881.—v1.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and at

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, Penn'a, Feb'y [illegible]

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have on them drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidence, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

[illegible] C. SIMPSON, Agent of the Trustees.

GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER FOR THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Throat, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price, [illegible] and $1.00 Ask your Druggist for it.
TRADE MARK.
GUENTHER & CO. Pittsburgh.

AGENTS WANTED for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful Electric Corsets. Sample free to those becoming agents. No risk, quick sales. [illegible] DR. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CONSTIPATION!

There is no medium through which disease so often attacks the system as by Constipation, and there is no other ill flesh is heir to more apt to be neglected, from the fact material inconvenience may not be immediately felt from irregular action of the bowels. When there is not regular action the retention of decayed and effete matter, with its poisonous fluids, soon poisons the whole system by being absorbed into it, causing fevers, headache, impure blood and many other serious affections. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will immediately relieve, and one bottle positively cure or relieve any case of Constipation.

"Was troubled for a year with torpid liver and indigestion, and after trying everything imaginable used BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. The first bottle revived me and the second cured me entirely."—J. S. Williamson, Rochester, N. Y.

Health is Wealth!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

[illegible] & WOOD, Druggists,
BRADFORD, PA.

CATARRH
ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Head, Allays Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Sense of Taste And Smell. A quick Relief. A Positive Cure.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents by mail or at Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being tonic and mildly purgative they
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 50 cents to $5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address, Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 52-1y.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla

is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years.
W. H. MOORE."
Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

MEN OF BACKBONE.

How the Length of the Spinal Column Affects a Man's Character.

[Washington Star.]

When a person compliments another by saying he has a good deal of "backbone" he comes very near stating a scientific truth without knowing it, perhaps. At least, so remarked a naval medical officer to a reporter the other day, as the latter stopped to chat in the room of the naval examining board. "Step up here a moment," continued the officer, conducting the reporter to a measuring rod which stood in one corner of the room. "This rod, besides having the movable arm with which a man's height is gauged, has another intermediate arm below by which the length of his legs is determined. The difference between the two measurements, of course, shows the length of his body and head. There," said the officer, after the reporter had subjected himself to the measuring process, "you are sixty-nine and one-eighth inches tall, your legs are thirty-three and two-eighths inches long, pretty good legs—and that leaves a length of body thirty-six inches. That's very good, above the average."

"Well, what does it all mean?" asked the reporter.

"Staying power," remarked an official who was standing near.

The medical officer enlarging on the figure thus suggested proceeded: "That's it. You see (putting his hand on his head) here's the governor. Here," he continued, lowering his hand to his chest, "is the boiler. The lungs and the heart are here, and below are the abdominal organs or viscera. Your mouth and nostrils are blowers. You shovel in coal—take food—in your mouth. It is turned into steam—blood—and goes out in every direction, you see, toward the surface. Now the man with a long body has a great deal of boiler surface."

"Then the man with considerable backbone is stronger than the one who has not."

"Well, that is one circumstance to be considered with others, of course. The man with backbone is apt to have greater power of resistance. He can endure more toil and can resist disease longer. Why, there are no men in the war so good for a long march as your chunk legged fellows with long bodies. The long legged men could not stand it. Gen. Sheridan is a good specimen of a man with a long body—long grasp on life—and Gen. Grant is another."

Sleeping-Cars in Europe.

[Europe: San Francisco Chronicle.]

Just one word in conclusion about the sleeping cars. The Compagnie Internationale des Wagons-lits have almost a monopoly of the trade on the continent and the company's service is very good, all things considered. You can usually find a sleeper on all the lines running out of Paris except to London, or vice versa, but you can take one at Calais for Brindisi via Berne and the St. Gothard tunnel, and on certain days to Rome. You can also ride without change from Paris to Berlin, or to Constantinople through Vienna, or to Nice, or to Madrid, through Bordeaux, or to Brussels, and very soon you can do so to St. Petersburg as the company will before long have arrangements completed to run to the capital of all the Russias.

As a rule the sleepers are too small. They are divided, some into three compartments with accommodations for only twelve passengers, and others into four compartments with beds for fourteen persons. The cabins are all on one side of the car; on the other is an aisle running the entire length of the coach, with wide windows, close to which are fixed stools for the benefit of travelers. The beds are rather narrow, but the mattresses are good, the covering clean and plentiful. Instead of reposing with your feet toward the engine, you travel sideways, and a poor way it is, too, for sound naps and unbroken snores. The cabins are lined with maple and oak and the door may be locked on the inside. The roof of your little room is of canvas, painted a sky blue, with birds in red and black flying around among fleecy clouds of gray. The bed blankets are red, so, too, are the window curtains, and if the lamp shines too brightly there is a red hood which you can draw over it. But red is a very bad color to sleep under and I am surprised the company should retain it in preference to green. The conductor can carry no more passengers than he has first-class tickets for.

[illegible] Confederate Impression of Grant.

[illegible]

Our first impression of the great general and great smoker was as a prisoner, after making the forced march Grant's advanced corps made to get around Lee's army. The imperturbable face, firm set of saddle, square jaw, massive lower face, unlit cigar, as he sat and gazed a moment at daylight, as the prisoners were making, made an impression, although it was later of the same day that it was known that it was Grant.

After the surrender, Grant rode by, accompanied by Washburne, of Illinois, and some Confederates. To some sonorous gush, we suspect, by a Confederate, Washburne replied with some other gush which just at that gushing moment of defeat, was thought to be a very fine sentiment: "I am proud of my gallant countrymen of both sides."

The silent smoker rode without a word, his cigar still unlit, and perhaps the same he had in the morning, still between his teeth. There was an appearance of firmness about the man and about everything about him. The cigar seemed to be fast rooted in the man, the man in his saddle, the saddle to the horse, the horse to the solid earth. We never forgot the impression of power, or that there was with it an expression of simple good will and kindness, which was as distinctive a trait as firmness without severity. Of the cigar we had never heard, but it made an impression. Grant is not all of Grant without it.

The Scientific Philosophy of "Soup."

[illegible Exchange.]

It may be safely taken as a stable physiological fact that the stomach will not so readily digest solid substances when there are taken alone as when they are preceded on the digestive journey by soup. The bread which is eaten with the soup will be converted into dextrin in the mouth, and the essentials of the soup, on reaching the stomach, will apparently supply the little glands of the organ with a power to manufacture the pepsin of the gastric juice in due quantity. It would seem, in truth, as if these glands demanded nourishment and stimulation in their own turn, and the soup, through its containing abundance of dissolved matters, presents them with the wherewithal from which to derive the necessary energy.

An Italian physician points out that where the meat we eat is juicy and tender the savory principles are readily extracted from it and are thus seized by the stomach without trouble. But if the meat be tough and the reverse of succulent and juicy, it will, in consequence, be digested with difficulty. The Frenchman, in this view of matters, has found by experience that he can the more readily digest his tough meat if the meat is thoroughly boiled and if the bread be added to the soup which forms the introduction of his meals.

A Much Easier Time Now.

[Exchange.]

A father, complaining of the way his children destroyed their clothing, said: "When I was a boy I had only one suit of clothes and I had to take care of it. I was allowed only one pair of shoes a year in those days." There was a pause, then a very little chap spoke up: "You have a much easier time of it now you are living with us."

He Got the Cent.

[New York Mail and Express.]

"Papa, didn't you say if I was a good boy you would give me a cent?" queried a 7-year-old.

"Yes, my son," blandly replied paterfamilias.

"Well, then," said the young hopeful, "couldn't you make it payable in advance?" He got his cent.

THE fashionable jacket for Misses is made with a loose front and tight-fitting back.

A FOEMAN that fights successfully against disease. A host in itself, is Hunt's Remedy.

CERTAIN snakes have been observed to utter a cry, like that of a young puppy, on receiving an electric shock.

A TABLE may be brightened by running scarlet ribbons through the linen doylies and table mats.

"HUNT'S Remedy is the most effective medicine I ever used in my practice for dropsy and kidney diseases. It has almost raised the dead.—L. A. PALMER, M. D., Mystic.

I HAVE learned again what I have often learned before—that you should never take anything for granted.

THERE was a man of our town and he was wondrous wise, he jumped into a bramble bush and scratched out both his eyes. And when he saw his eyes were out, with all his might and main, he gobbled a bottle of Salvation Oil, and rubbed them in again.

THE divine in its revelation can be known only by means of the divine in man, that is allied to it.

AVOID by all means the use of calomel for bilious complaints. Ayer's cathartic pills compounded entirely of vegetable ingredients, have been tested for forty years, and are acknowledged to be the best remedy ever devised for torpidity of the liver, costiveness, and all derangements of the digestive apparatus.

DASHING young manhood is generally a sort of eagle whose wing-feathers are as much too long as the steering tail-feathers are too short.

TWENTY years of suffering from catarrh and catarrhal headache I never found anything to afford lasting relief until I tried Ely's Cream Balm. I have used two bottles, and now consider my catarrh cured. I have recommended it to several of my friends with like good results.—D. T. Higgins, 145 Lake street, Chicago.

PERHAPS Commodore Magee is dissembling and wants to run for state treasurer himself. The Commodore will observe that the bars are down and that the clover is very inviting.

Don't Spill The Milk.

"There is no use crying over spilled milk," says the old saw. If you are not only bald, but have no life in the roots of your hair, there is no use crying over that, either. Take both time and yourself by the forelock while there is a forelock left. Apply Parker's Hair Balsam to your hair before matters get worse. It will arrest the falling off your hair and restore its original color, gloss and softness. It is a perfect dressing withal, clean, richly perfumed, cools and heals the scalp. June 26 4t.

Got to Stand it!

Mr. A bought his wife one bottle of Parmelee's Blood Purifier, and now he thinks he has got himself, for she derived so much benefit from it that she must try another bottle or two and be permanently cured. There is no purifier known so efficient in its workings as this. Only $1 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy. June 5, 1m.

Put one end of a Sponge in Water and the whole will soon be saturated. So a disease in one part of the body affects other parts. You have noticed this yourself. Kidney and liver troubles, unless checked, will induce constipation, piles, rheumatism and gravel. A timely use of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy will prevent these results. It is pleasant to the taste and may be taken freely by children and delicate females. It gives elasticity, life and cheeks with roses on them. June 5, 1m.

Cholera.

And the milder forms of bowel difficulty, dysentery, diarrhœa, &c., all come from a disordered digestion attended with pain in the stomach, cramps, colic, &c. Beware and ward off these attacks by taking Hamilton's Jamaica Ginger Tonic and Pain cure, which is a sure cure remedy. Never known to fail to give immediate relief. As an outward application in rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, sprains, strains, lame back and side it can't be beaten. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy. June 5, 1m.

Toothache.

Did you ever have a racking, jumping, snapping, tearing, bothersome, toothache that kept the whole family in an uproar until 3 o'clock in the morning? Many have it, but all have not heard of the wonderful cures made by Hamilton's Toothache Drops, which are warranted to cure in one minute. Safe yet effective. Price only 25c. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy. June 5, 1m.

A Happy Family

Circle is the greatest blessing of our civilization, but such a thing is not possible when disease and death lurks on the threshold. One of the most important matters to be attended to, is that the liver and kidneys are in a healthy condition. More trouble arises from derangement of these organs than from any other cause, often resulting in diabetes, Bright's Disease and other difficulties that are generally counted incurable. Parmelee's Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Kidney and Liver Cure will prevent and cure all those difficulties with great certainty. Large bottles $1. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy. June 5, 1m.

Remarkable Cures from Dennis' Blood Liver and Kidney Cure.

Ho! Every one that needeth a good vegetable blood purifier before calling for a doctor, or trying any of the patent medicines, follow the example of others in using Dennis' Home Remedies.

Testimonials.

[illegible], Pa., March 14, 1885.—G. T. Dennis, Dear Sir:—Since using one bottle of your great blood medicine I have gained 13lbs. My health is better than it has been for years. JNO. J. HANNE.

EMPORIUM, Pa., Dear Sir:—I have taken two bottles of your Liver and Kidney cure and it has done wonders for me, and I am very thankful for it.
MRS. W. B. DANFORTH.

At E. B. McCoys Drug Store in Smethport or send to G. T. Dennis, proprietor and manufacturer Eldred, Pa.

Keep Quiet a Few Days.

London Times.

This is what the good doctor and kind friends say time and again to those whose nerves are all unstrung, worn out with labor and care, sleepless nights, poor appetite, unable to digest the little they do eat, and a general miserableness all over.

There is no doubt about the advice being good, but how many of the suffering thousands can follow it? Not one in twenty! The clergyman who keeps together a large congregation; the man that manages an important business; the poor man with his family to support, as well as the wife who presides over the rich man's household, seeing that everything is complete and in order; or the mother who cannot afford a nurse, and is broken up by a fretful baby, must all go on, notwithstanding the advice to

KEEP QUIET A FEW DAYS.

What then are you to do? To go on seems certain death. And drop all cares you cannot; the road looks dark, but 'tis before day. Will and determination have much to do with our existence. Never give up. Study to find where you have gone against nature the hardest, and abandon all things possible that do you no harm. Yet you will find it necessary at times to depend on a good reliable medicine to help you out. Hops are a good nervine and tonic; Podophyllin a cathartic and liver regulator; Buchu acts on the kidneys and urinary organs.

These, properly combined with other ingredients, have proved the greatest medicine ever prepared, and known throughout the world as Hop Bitters.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all vile, the poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

How Trees Prevent Malaria.

[Youth's Companion.]

A fact recorded by an English officer, who served many years in India, shows that trees do prevent malaria. The troops at a certain station in Bengal were so often attacked by sickness that it was determined to remove them to a more healthy locality. The officer was ordered to select a suitable site for a camp. As he was unable to find a more healthy site in the neighborhood, he thought that a rearrangement of the sepoys' barracks might secure their health.

He had noticed that between the officers' quarters and a large swamp there were several large trees. He also observed that there was no sickness among the officers or their servants except in the case of the inmates of one house, which, being unprotected by the foliage, was exposed to the wind that blew over the swamp.

Some little distance from the parade ground there was a belt of trees. To the rear of this belt he removed the sepoys huts, so as to shelter them from the miasma of the swamp. The regiment thus located remained free from fever for several years. Then the trees were cut down, and malaria immediately attacked the men.

The officer also records that at Prome, Burmah, one company of soldiers were free from malarial fever, whilst their comrades suffered severely from its attacks. Investigation showed that the healthy company was sheltered from the miasma by a mound covered with trees, which interposed between their barracks and the neighboring swamp. The sick soldiers lived in barracks which were unsheltered from the wind when it blew across the malarial swamp.

The Australian Convict System.

[Athenæum.]

The gang of galley slaves were seated in close order on benches covered with coarse sacking rudely stuffed, over which was thrown bullocks' hides. Five or six of them occupied a bench ten or eleven feet long. To a footboard beneath each man was attached a chain ending in an iron band, riveted round one of his ankles. The benches were so close together that, as one row of them pushed forward their oar, the arms and oar of the row behind were protruded over their backs. The size and weight of the oar were so great that, except at the end where it was tapered to a manageable size, it was necessary to work it by handles fixed to the side.

The slaves were overlooked by the boatswain. His place was on the gang way, close to the sternmost oars, where he was at all times within hearing of the orders of the captain. Along the gangway, at regular intervals, his mate and the drover were posted, so that the conduct of each slave was under inspection. The oars were put in motion or stopped by the sound of a silver whistle worn by the boatswain, who, with his mates, was armed with a heavy whip of bull's sinew to stimulate the exertions of the slaves. When it was necessary to continue the labor for many hours without respite, they would administer, in addition to the lash, morsels of bread steeped in wine, which they put in the mouths of the men as they rowed.

The Confederate Battle-Flag.

[The Current.]

Mr. Frank G. Carpenter, in Lippincott's, gives an interesting account of the adoption and design of the confederate flag. "Gen. Johnson," he says, "attempted first to procure for each regiment its state colors, but this was found impracticable. Designs were asked for, and one presented by Col. James B. Walton, of Louisiana, was chosen. The design was originally oblong, but Gen. Johnson modified it by making it square, and so modified it became the battle flag of the Confederacy. It was in September, 1861, adopted by the rebel army of the Potomac, and shortly afterward, with slight modifications, by the other armies.

"In 1863 the Confederate congress adopted it as the union of its new national ensign, and it is entitled to at least as much fame as the better known stars and bars. This battle-flag had a red field, with two wide, blue bars running diagonally from one corner to the other, thus forming the Greek cross. On these bars were white or gold stars equal in number to the states of the Confederacy. The design was substantially the same as the one presented to the Montgomery convention by William Porcher Miles, when the stars and bars were chosen. It is known as 'The Southern cross,' and was the only flag in general use by the southern troops during the war.

Hanging Deserters.

[Chicago Journal.]

It is probably true that Mr. Lincoln often pardoned deserters, but it is equally true that many were executed. For instance, in the fall of 1861, one Johnson, of the "Lincoln" New York cavalry, went through our lines near Fairfax, gave himself up to the first rebel he met, told them he was a deserter, answered all he knew as to our forces and then found that he was yet with our men. He was brought back to Gen. Franklin's head-quarters, near the old seminary, and the second day thereafter was shot, all the troops in that vicinity being out to witness the execution. At least a dozen men were hanged for desertion in the Army of the Potomac during December, 1861. Such executions were witnessed every Friday during that month, and on one of those occasions four men took the drop. If Mr. Lincoln did not sanction, he certainly did not stop, military executions.

A [illegible] Death at Monte Carlo.

[London Times.]

The death of another victim of Monte Carlo has to be recorded. A clerk in a large counting-house in Germany was spending his honeymoon in Italy, and received 10,000 francs in payment of a bill due to his employers. On his way back he stopped at Monte Carlo, and, fearing its temptations, intrusted the money to his wife's custody. He was called away for a time, and found on his return that his wife was missing. He made inquiries to no purpose.

At last he learned that a young woman, after losing 40,000 francs at the gaming table had thrown herself into the sea. The bride had entered the casino from curiosity, had staked some small sums, and then, egged on by women believed to have been stationed there for the purpose, had lost everything. The Casino authorities had ordered the affair to be kept secret and, but for one of the officials being touched by the husband's anguish, the young man might never have known what had become of his wife.

Beards of the Presidents.

[Washington Letter.]

Mr. Cleveland is the only president who has ever worn only a mustache, with the rest of his face smooth shaven. George Washington wore no beard. John Adams had a slight patch of whiskers in front of each ear. The faces of Jefferson, Monroe and Madison were smooth shaven. John Quincy Adams had a light pair of side-whiskers, which followed the line of his cheek bone. Andrew Johnson wore no beard. Van Buren had thin side-whiskers, which ran around nearly to his nostrils. Harrison, Tyler, Polk, Taylor, Fillmore and Buchanan were all smooth shaven. Mr. Lincoln, when he first went to Washington, shaved his beard, and only let it grow during the latter years of his stay there. He always shaved his upper lip. Andrew Johnson was as smooth shaven as a monk. Grant wore a stubby short mustache and beard. Hayes and Garfield wore long mustaches and full beards. Arthur wore a small mustache and long side-whiskers.

Statistics of Crowned Heads.

[Chicago Times.]

A French statistician has discovered that up to the present 2,540 emperors and kings have governed 64 nations. Out of this number 300 have been driven from their thrones, 64 have abdicated, 24 have committed suicide, 12 have become insane, 100 fell in battle, 123 were captured, 25 died martyrs, 151 have been assassinated, and 108 have been condemned to death and executed according to law.

THAT hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it.

WILL you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you.

SLEEPLESS nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you.

CATARRH cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cts. Nasal injector free.

FOR lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents.

SHILOH'S Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption.

SHILOH'S Vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle.

CROUP, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

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THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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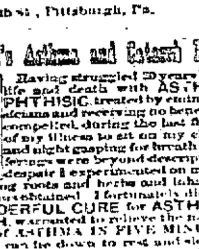

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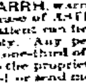
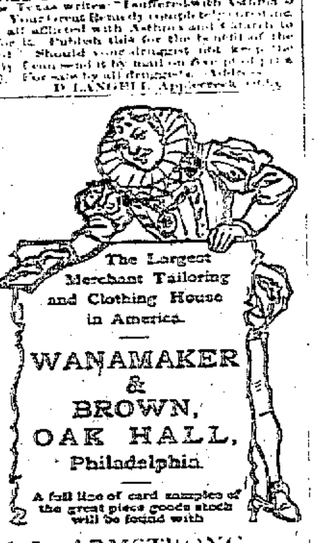
With the continuous manufacture and experience of Forty years the Home Company now offer a machine superior to any and all others. It combines every requisite: Has High Arm; Is Light Running; Noiseless; Attractive; Beautiful in Finish; Perfect in Workmanship; Perfect Stitch; Self-Threading Shuttle; Unequaled Tensions; Easiest to Operate, and most room under the Arm, and perfectly balanced. It is without Vibration. It has the finest set of Attachments for family sewing, which are put up in a velvet [illegible] woodwork is of finest styles and latest designs. It is a household treasure. If we are not already represented, we WANT AN AGENT IN YOUR COUNTY. Write us for catalogue of terms and prices. Send and buy a sample machine and introduce it to your friends. We do not say you can make a fortune in a short time, but you can make a fair, square, honest living. Mention this paper when you write. Address THE HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

No. 4, Sixth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.



Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box, can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, Monroe, Texas writes: "I suffered with Asthma 9 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to send for it. Publish this for the benefit of the afflicted." Should your druggist not keep the Remedy, I can send it by mail on [illegible] $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address D. LANGELL, Appleton, Ohio.



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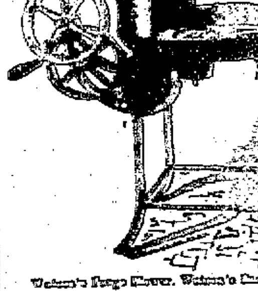
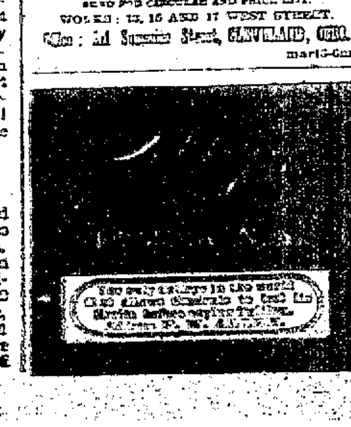
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL,
Philadelphia.
A full line of card samples of the great piece goods stock will be found with
M. L. ARMSTRONG,
SALES AGENT,
Smethport, Pa.

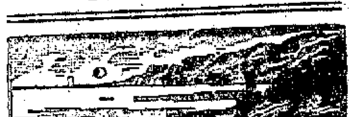
Cleveland Steam Gauge Co.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Watson's Portable Forge,



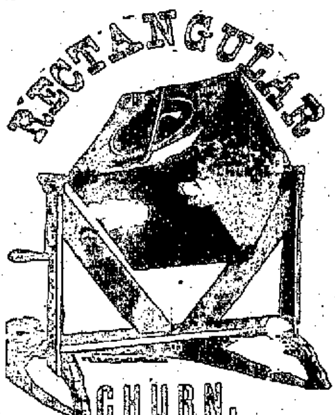
Watson's Forge Blower. Watson's [illegible]
Holt's Patent Steam Gauges
For Locomotives and Stationary Engines.
[illegible]
WORKS: 13, 15 AND 17 WEST STREET.
Office: [illegible] Superior Street, CLEVELAND, OHIO.
mar15-6m



MISCELLANEOUS.



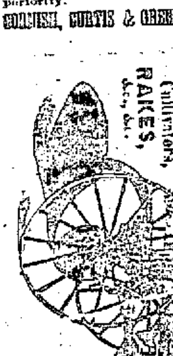
We are Introducing
A new Sewing Machine
which has peculiar
Merit: Desiring to
say more about it
than space will here
permit, we request
your address if you
are at all interested.
Liberal terms to dealers
& protection in territory.
The Estey Sewing
Machine.
FACTORY AT BRATTLEBORO VT.



CHURN.

We make from the best material Superior Articles of Dairy Goods, that are models of strength and simplicity. Unquestioned proof given of their durability. Sole manufacturers of Curtis' Improved Factory Churn, Mason's Power Butter Worker, Lever Worker, Curtis' Square Box Churn, Rectangular Churn, Cream Vats, Dog Power, &c. "One Family Churn at wholesale where we have no agent." All goods warranted exactly as represented. TWO GOLD, FOURTEEN SILVER AND EIGHT BRONZE MEDALS awarded for superiority.

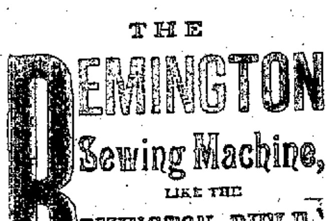
CORNISH, CURTIS & GREENE, Fort Atkinson, Wis.
jan30-6m



FARMERS!!
[illegible] "SWINGING SULKY" [illegible]
PLOWS, Cultivators, RAKES, &c., &c.
"Garden City Clipper"
This SULKY PLOW with its patent [illegible] [illegible] implement of the kind in the world.
THE BEAM can be [illegible]
SEND FOR CIRCULARS to
DAVID BRADLEY MF'G CO.,
Successors to Furst & Bradley Mf'g Co.,
CHICAGO, ILL.,
or to our Branch Houses,
DAVID BRADLEY & CO., St. Louis, Mo.,
DAVID BRADLEY MF'G CO., Indianapolis, Ind.,
DAVID BRADLEY & CO., Minneapolis, Minn.,
DAVID BRADLEY & CO., Council Bluffs, Ia.,
BRADLEY, WHEELER & CO., Kansas City, Mo.
mar6-6m

THE
REMINGTON
Sewing Machine,
LIKE THE
REMINGTON RIFLE,
UNEXCELLED BY ANY.
Sure to Give Satisfaction.
General Office, Ilion, N. Y.
New York Office, 283 Broadway,
Buying Agents Wanted.

THE MOST PERFECT SWEEPER MADE.
A Machine that Sells Itself.



CONSIDERED BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS THE STANDARD SWEEPER.
UNRIVALED FOR BEAUTY,
Strength and light running; performs its labor easily and noiselessly. The Brush is easily adjusted to all grades of carpet. The manner of discharging the dust is superior to all others.
ASK FOR IT AND BUY NO OTHER.
For Sale by all Dealers.
Manufactured by
The Goshen Sweeper and Wringer Co.,
GOSHEN, IND.
apr10-6m

AGENTS WANTED for
Twenty Years of Congress,
1861–1881.
by James G. Blaine.
Hon. J. S. Wise of Va. says: "Whoever takes it up, no matter whether he be Mr. Blaine's friend or enemy, will never put it down until he has read the whole." Agents make from $200 to [illegible] per month. Address, [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

CASTORIA
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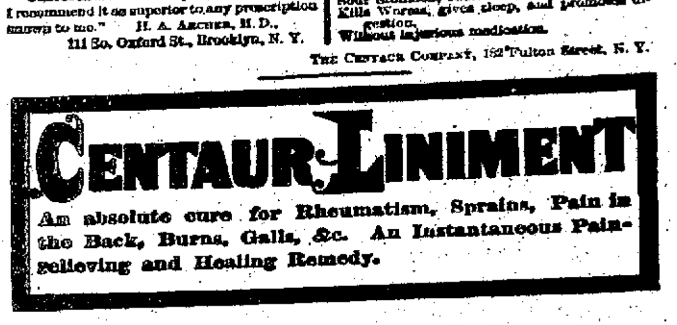
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT
An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."
COPYRIGHTED 1877.



Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this picture, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF AMERICA. Has Haydock's Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Ask your dealer for the T. T. HAYDOCK BUGGY, with the Haydock Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Life is insecure riding over any other.
(This picture will be furnished on a large card, printed in elegant style, to anyone who will agree to frame it.)
[ENCLOSE STAMP.]
☞Send for Catalogue and Wholesale Price List.
T. T. HAYDOCK,
Cor. Plum and Twelfth Sts., CINCINNATI, O.
AGENTS WANTED WHERE WE HAVE NONE! NO INVESTMENT SO PROFITABLE!

Estey Organ Co.
Brattleboro Vt.
ESTEY
ESTEY
ORGAN

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

CATARRH
IN THE HEAD,
Bronchitis, Catarrh of the Stomach (Dyspepsia), the early stages of Consumption, Asthma, Hay Fever and all diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS CURED by a new and SUCCESSFUL SYSTEM.
Not a douche, snuff, nor patent medicine.
☞Each case is treated according to the symptoms, what will cure one case may be worthless in another. Result of 25 years' experience. If you are a sufferer you cannot afford to let this pass, you should at least investigate. Treatment both internal, which destroys the germs in the blood; and external, which is a grand discovery in the healing art, so simple and yet so sure. Remedies are all pleasant to use, and results most gratifying. Treatment sent to your home, where it can be used successfully. Send for book on Catarrh containing references and diagnosis blank, free. Address
Dr. S. W. BEALL, Catarrh Specialist, Columbus, O.

SEEDS —AND— PLANTS.
PETER HENDERSON & Co.,
OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF "EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN,"
full of valuable cultural directions, containing three colored plates, and embracing everything NEW and RARE in SEEDS and PLANTS, will be mailed on receipt of stamps to cover postage (6 cents.) To customers of last season sent FREE without application.
35 & 37 CORTLANDT ST.
NEW YORK.

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. Hallett & Co. Portland, Maine. 52-1y.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good.
Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

THE
D. W. Miller Carriage Co.

Manufacture a large variety of
LIGHT and HEAVY CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, CARTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &C.,
After the most approved designs at the very lowest prices consistent with good workmanship.
—50,000 vehicles—
of our manufacture are now in use in this and foreign countries and attest the excellence of our goods by the universal satisfaction which they give.—Every vehicle is WARRANTED.—Special attention will be given to mail orders.
CATALOGUES FREE.
D. W. Miller Carriage Co.,
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Michigan Buggy Co.
KALAMAZOO, Mich.

Wholesale Manufacturers of all kinds of Open and Top BUGGIES and ROAD CARTS. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for catalogue and price list.
SLEIGH WORK A SPECIALTY.

We also manufacture a full line of CUTTERS, including Swell Body, Portland, Square Box, two seat Portland and Fancy Sleighs.
Send for cuts and prices before purchasing.
MICHIGAN BUGGY CO.,
KALAMAZOO, Mich.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect April 6, 1885.

Daily Except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:30 a. m.—Day Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:55 p. m., Washington, 8:20 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

8:50 p. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 8:25 a. m., New York 11:20 a. m., Baltimore 8:50 a. m., Washington 9:25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

11:15 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all Intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:10 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

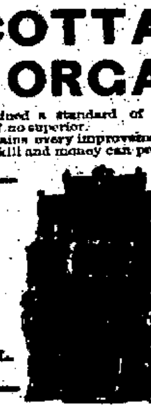
THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m. Baltimore 7:30 a. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 7:10 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m. Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 11:15 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

THE
CHICAGO
COTTAGE
ORGAN
Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.
It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.


OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.
EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.
ESTABLISHED REPUTATION,
UNEQUALED FACILITIES,
SKILLED WORKMEN,
BEST MATERIAL,
COMBINED, MAKE THIS
THE POPULAR ORGAN
Instruction Books and Piano Stools.
Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, free.
The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.
Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,
CHICAGO, ILL.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect May 31, 1885.

BUFFALO DIVISION.

North'd				South'd		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Ar. Lv.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 00	1 10	8 40	Buffalo	8 00	2 40	5 30
6 15	12 32	7 51	East Aurora	8 47	[illegible]	6 12
5 23	12 42	7 17	Sardinia Jun.	9 25	[illegible]	6 46
5 31	11 57	7 11	Arcade	9 33	[illegible]	6 51
5 09	11 40	6 12	Machias	9 55	[illegible]	7 13
4 57	11 30	6 40	Franklinville	10 07	4 22	7 24
4 23	11 02	6 07	Hinsdale	10 37	4 49	7 53
4 02	10 44	5 50	Olean	10 54	5 07	[illegible]
2 15	8 00		Bradford	12 45	6 55	
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
3 42	10 24		Portville	11 10	5 19	[illegible]
3 21	10 02		Eldred	11 30	5 39	[illegible]
3 13	9 53		Larrabees	11 38	5 46	[illegible]
2 48	9 28		Port Allegany	12 01	6 05	[illegible]
1 45	8 25		Emporium	1 05	7 05	[illegible]
p. m.	a. m.		Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
a. m.			Lv. Ar.		a. m.	
3 30			Harrisburg		4 30	
11 20			Philadelphia		[illegible]	
8 00			New York		10 50	
11 20			Baltimore		[illegible]	
10 00			Washington		9 25	
p. m.			Lv. Ar.		a. m.	

Sunday Trains.—Leave Buffalo 4.30 p. m., arrive Olean 7.15 p. m., leave Olean 7 15 a. m., arrive Buffalo 10.00 a. m., stopping at all stations.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

North'd				South'd		
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	ar. lv.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
6 55	11 20	9 00	Rochester	7 45	3 50	[illegible]
6 42	11 07	8 47	Terminal	7 58	4 03	[illegible]
6 35	11 00	8 40	Genesee Junc.	8 05	4 10	[illegible]
6 15	10 45	8 27	Scottsville	8 22	4 25	6 15
5 57	10 27	8 09	Avon	8 40	4 46	6 22
5 47	10 17	7 47	Fowlerville	8 50	5 00	6 47
5 40	10 10	7 40	York	8 57	5 06	6 50
5 25	9 56	7 22	Cuylerville	9 12	5 25	7 06
5 10	9 42	7 10	Mt Morris	9 24	5 42	7 20
4 50	9 23	6 49	Tuscarora	9 45	6 00	7 42
4 40	9 15	6 40	Junction	9 54	6 08	7 50
4 10	8 40	a. m.	Portage	10 30	6 36	p. m.
3 53	8 30		Wiscoy	10 46	6 50	
3 41	8 20		Fillmore	10 55	7 10	
3 22	8 02		Caneadea	11 12	7 26	
3 12	7 53		Belfast	11 22	7 34	
2 32	7 20		Cuba	11 52	8 03	
2 15	7 03		Hinsdale	12 10	8 20	
1 35	6 45		Olean	12 30	8 40	
p. m.	a. m.		lv ar	p. m.	p. m.	
	9 10	6 30	lv Nunda ar	10 25		7 00
	8 43		lv Swaines ar	11 40		
	a. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

CLERMONT BRANCH.

L'v Northw'd		STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
3.10	9.30	Larrabees	11.40	5.50
2.57	[illegible]	Frisbee	11.52	6.00
2.42	9.00	Farmers Valley	12.02	6.12
2.30	8.40	Smethport	12.14	6.25
2.10	8.20	Crosby	12.29	6.42
2.05	8.10	Colegrove	12.33	6.47
2.00	7.55	Hamlin	12.37	6.53
1.45	7.30	Wernwag	12.54	7.12
1.30	7.00	Clermont	1.10	7.30
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.

Narrow Gauge System. Trains leave Olean for Bradford 7.40, 11.00 a. m., 5.10 p. m., arrive Olean 9 40 a. m., 2.55, 6.40 p. m. Leave Eldred for Bradford 7.40, 11.25 a. m., 1.45, 4.15 p. m., arrive Eldred 8.20, 11.45 a. m., 3.00, 5.35 p. m. Leave Bradford for Kinzua 7.00, 2.15 a. m. 4.20 p. m., arrive Bradford 11.25 a. m. 3.25, 6.00 p. m.

Sunday Trains.—Leave Olean 3.30 p. m. arrive Olean 11.00 a. m.

Trains are run on Eastern Time.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between Erie and Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington on trains leaving Buffalo at 2.40 p. m. arriving Buffalo 7.00 p. m.

☞Tickets sold and baggage checked to all principal points.

Get Time Tables giving full information from Company's Agents.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pas'r. & T'k. Agt.
No. 41, Exchange St. Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYSTEM.

BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD, and BRADFORD, ELDRED & CUBA RAILROAD. Takes effect May 24, 1885.

WESTWARD.			STATIONS.	EASTWARD.		
b	b	a		b	b	a
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.
5 25	1 00	8 45	ar. Bradford lv.	7 15	3 15	[illegible]
4 40	12 15	8 00	Kenzua Jn.	8 00	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 10	11 05	7 50	Aiken	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Simpson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	7 30	New City	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	7 25	Rixford	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Duke Centre	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	7 07	Eldred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bullis Mills	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ceres	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Little Genesee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
			Bolivar Ar			
2 48	10 24	6 10	Bolivar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]		Allentown	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1 50	9 23		lv Wellsville ar	10 40	7 20	[illegible]
			N. Y., L. E. & W.			
12 40	8 10		Hornellsville	11 46	8 40	
				p. m.		
	6 25		Corning	1 07	9 51	
	5 48		Elmira	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	5 12		Waverly	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	4 26		Owego	[illegible]	[illegible]	
					a. m.	
	3 43		Binghampton	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	8 00		New York	10 20	7 20	
	p. m.					

Sunday Trains leave Wellsville at 7 30 a. m., Bolivar at 8 24, Ceres at 8 51, Eldred at 9 24, Duke Centre at 9 42, Rixford at 9 47, New City at 10 00, Smethport at 9.40, Simpson at 9 51, Aiken at 10 05, arriving at Bradford at 11 a. m.

Additional train leaves Wellsville daily, except Sunday, at 5 p. m., arriving at Allentown at 5 45 and Bolivar at 6 15 p. m.

a—Runs daily.
b—Runs daily except Sunday.

JNO. C. McKENNA,
Superintendent.

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan. 1, 1884.

Westward.		Stations.	Eastward	
28	26		25	27
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
3 27	9 07	Ar. Cuba Lv	10 00	[illegible]
[illegible]	7 25	Lv Little Genesee ar	11 42	6 40
1 15	7 10	Bolivar	11 55	6 55

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Man'gr.
JNO. C. McKENNA, G. P. A.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R. R.

New Time Table, take effect Monday, May 25, 1885.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS.	WESTWARD.		
Acc.	Mail	Exp	Eastern Time.	Mail	Exp	Acc.
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
9 05	[illegible]	1 30	ar Rochester lv	7 40	[illegible]	[illegible]
8 38	9 44	1 00	Scottsville	[illegible]	5 33	[illegible]
8 30	9 30	12 46	Mumford	7 42	[illegible]	[illegible]
8 00	9 02	12 28	Leroy	8 00	6 27	5 15
[illegible]	8 46	12 07	Pavillion	8 21	6 49	5 34
7 25	8 31	11 56	Wyoming	8 34	7 02	5 47
7 10	8 06	11 45	Warsaw	8 41	7 16	6 02
6 55	7 52	11 31	Silver Lake Jun	9 02	7 31	6.15
a. m.	7 41	11 21	Gainesville	9 12	7 41	
	7 27	11 10	Pike	9 21	7 50	
	7 16	11 02	Bliss	9 31	8 03	
	6 44	10 23	Farmersville	10 01	8 36	
	6 30	10 16	Machias	10 16	8 50	
	6 04	9 46	Ashford	10 40	9 20	
	5 50	9 36	Ellicottville	10 50	9 32	
	5 30	9 15	Bradford Junc.	11 10	9 53	
	[illegible]	[illegible]	lv Salamanca ar / ar lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	5 00	8 42	Carrollton		10 [illegible]	
	4 47	8 25	Limestone		10 43	
	4 35	8 10	lv Bradford ar / ar lv		11 00	
	3 10		Custer City			
	[illegible]		Johnsonb'g Jun.			
	[illegible]		Ridgway			
	12 15		Little Toby			
	11 47		Brockwayville			
	[illegible]		Falls Creek			
	10 45		DuBois			
	10 35		Sykes			
	10 05		Big Run			
	9 45		Punxsutawney			
	9 25		lv Clarville ar			

BUFFALO DIVISION.

EASTWARD.			STATIONS	WESTWARD.	
Exp	Mail	Exp		Mail	Exp
a. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.
10 45	6 40		Ar Buffalo Lv William St. Dep	[illegible]	5 00
10 00	[illegible]		Orchard Park	[illegible]	[illegible]
9 35	5 52		West Falls	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	5 42		Golden	[illegible]	[illegible]
9 12	5 12		Springville	[illegible]	[illegible]
8 40	[illegible]		West Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]		Ashford	10 15	[illegible]
a. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central and Hudson River R. R., and at Salamanca with the N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with the Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and eastern points; at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge system for all points in the oil regions; at Ridgway with Philadelphia and Erie R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Connections are made at Buffalo with the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. for Niagara Falls, Lockport, Lewiston, Hamilton and Toronto; With L. S. & M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., and Grand Trunk Railway for all points in Michigan and the west.

Tickets, time tables and full information can be procured at ticket office, N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. depot, Exchange street, Buffalo.

JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Sup't.
ISAIAH S. EMERY, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Sept. 1, 1884.

AR. EASTW'D.		STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D.	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
7.15	1.10	Coudersport	7.45	[illegible]
7.12	[illegible]	Hammonds	7.49	[illegible]
7.04	[illegible]	Olmsted	7.57	[illegible]
6.59	12.53	Nelsons	8.03	[illegible]
6.52	[illegible]	Knowlton	8.10	[illegible]
6.44	12.38	Roulette	8.18	[illegible]
6.40	12.33	Pomeroy Bridge	8.22	[illegible]
6.32	12.26	Burtville	8.31	[illegible]
6.25	12.18	Silver Spring	8.38	[illegible]
6.19	12.12	Coleman	8.46	[illegible]
6.13	12.05	Port Allegany	8.55	5.00

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in
Drugs AND Medicines
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.
KANE PA.